

June 9, 2021

Adam Philbin Rainier Springs Hospital 2805 NE 129th Street Vancouver, WA 98686

Subject: <u>Notification of Emergency Generator Installation – (SUN – 260)</u>

Dear Mr. Philbin:

The Southwest Clean Air Agency (SWCAA) received your Small Unit Notification (SUN) on May 11, 2021 for installation and operation of an emergency generator engine at the Rainier Springs Hospital at 2805 NE 129th Street, Vancouver, WA. For administrative and tracking purposes SWCAA has assigned tracking number SUN-260 to this notification. This notification was filed in accordance with SWCAA 400-072 and applies to the installation of one emergency generator engine. The new unit was identified as:

967 bhp diesel-fired Cummins model QSK19-G8 engine to drive a 650 kW Cummins generator set. The engine is EPA Tier 2 certified and meets the standards for stationary emergency engines.

SWCAA has completed a review of your notification and the associated support information and has determined that the notification meets the requirements of SWCAA 400-072(2). Once installed, affected equipment must maintain compliance with the requirements of SWCAA 400-072(5)(c) "Emergency service internal combustion engines." A copy of the relevant SWCAA 400-072 section is attached for your information.

Be advised that emission units installed pursuant to SWCAA 400-072 are subject to source registration and periodic inspection. Registration fees for this equipment will be invoiced consistent with SWCAA 400-100.

If you need further assistance or have any questions regarding these matters, please contact me at (360) 574-3058 extension 130.

Sincerely,

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Paul T. Mairose Chief Engineer

SWCAA 400-072 Emission Standards for Selected Small Source Categories

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 70.94.141 RCW. Original adoption 09-21-056 filed 10/15/09, effective 11/15/09, 16-19-009 filed 9/8/16, effective 10/9/16; 17-11-078 filed 5/18/17; 20-06-003 filed 2/19/20, effective 3/21/20]

(5) Source categories.

- (c) Emergency service internal combustion engines.
 - (i) **Applicability.** The provisions of this section apply to emergency service internal combustion engines with a rating of 50 or more, but less than 1,000 horsepower (e.g., emergency generators, fire pumps, sewer lift stations, etc.).
 - (ii) Emission limits and standards.
 - (A) Visible emissions from diesel fired engine exhaust stacks shall not exceed ten percent opacity for more than 3 minutes in any one hour period as determined in accordance with SWCAA Method 9 (See SWCAA 400, Appendix A). This limitation shall not apply during periods of cold start-up.

(iii) General requirements.

- (A) Liquid fueled engines shall only be fired on #2 diesel or biodiesel. Fuel sulfur content of liquid fuels shall not exceed 0.0015% by weight (15 ppmw). A fuel certification from the fuel supplier may be used to demonstrate compliance with this requirement.
- (B) Gaseous fueled engines shall only be fired on natural gas or propane.
- (C) Each compression ignition engine shall be EPA Tier certified and manufactured no earlier than January 1, 2008.
- (D) Engine operation shall be limited to maintenance checks, readiness testing, and actual emergency use.
- (E) Engine operation for maintenance checks and readiness testing shall not exceed 100 hours per year. Actual emergency use is unrestricted.
- (F) Each engine shall be equipped with a nonresettable hourmeter for the purpose of documenting hours of operation.
- (G) Engine exhaust shall be discharged vertically. Any device that obstructs or prevents vertical discharge is prohibited.
- (iv) **Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements.** The information listed below shall be recorded at the specified intervals and maintained in a readily accessible form for a minimum of 3 years. With the exception of data logged by a computerized data acquisition system, each required record shall include the date and the name of the person making the record entry.
 - (A) Total hours of operation for each engine shall be recorded annually;
 - (B) Hours of emergency use for each engine shall be recorded annually;
 - (C) Fuel sulfur certifications shall be recorded for each shipment of liquid fuel;
 - (D) Maintenance activities shall be recorded for each occurrence consistent with the provisions of 40 CFR 60.4214;
 - (E) Upset conditions that cause excess emissions shall be recorded for each occurrence; and
 - (F) All air quality related complaints received by the permittee and the results of any subsequent investigation or corrective action shall be recorded promptly after each occurrence.
- (v) Testing requirements. None.

(vi) Reporting requirements.

- (A) The owner or operator of an affected emission unit shall provide written notification of initial operation to SWCAA within 10 days of occurrence.
- (B) All air quality related complaints received by the owner or operator shall be reported to SWCAA within three calendar days of receipt.
- (C) The owner or operator of an affected emergency engine shall report the following information to the Agency no later than March 15th for the preceding calendar year:
 - (I) Hours of engine operation; and
 - (II) Air emissions of criteria air pollutants, VOCs, and toxic air pollutants (TAPs).

Summary Information (by SWCAA) for SUN-260 Rainier Springs, LLC Emergency Generator Engine

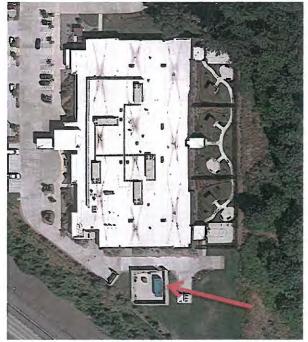
A 650 kW diesel-fired emergency generator set has been installed at the Rainier Springs Hospital in Vancouver, WA. The following equipment details were available:

Location:

Engine Make / Model: EPA Engine Family: Engine Serial Number: Fuel: Fuel Consumption: Engine Power Rating: Installation Date: Engine Built (Date): Engine Certification: Generator Set Make / Model: Generator Set Output: Stack Description:

Applicable Federal Regulations:

Rainier Springs Hospital 2805 NE 129th Street Vancouver, WA 98686 Cummins / QSK19-G8 HCEXL50.AAD-024 Not Provided Diesel 49.5 gallons per hour at 100% standby load 721 kW, 967 brake horsepower April 2018 Not Provided EPA Tier 2 Cummins / DOPAB 650 kW 5,815 acfm at 989°F, exhausting vertically approximately 172" above grade. ~45°42'47.76"N, 122°38'25.87"W. 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ



Google Earth Image - August 13, 2020

Emergency Generator Engine. Potential annual emissions from the combustion of ultra-low sulfur diesel (<0.0015% sulfur by weight) were calculated with the assumption that the equipment will operate at full load for up to 200 hours per year.

Emergency Generator l	Engine					
Hours of Operation =	200 hours					
Power Output =	967 bhp					
Diesel Density =	7.206 pounds per gallon					
Fuel Sulfur Content =	0.0015 % by weight					
Fuel Consumption Rate =	49.5 gal/hr					
Fuel Heat Content =	0.138 MMBtu/gal (for use with GHG factors from 40 CFR 98)					
	Emission					
	Factor	Emissions	Emissions			
Pollutant	g/(bhp-hr)	lb/hr	tpy	Emission I	Factor Sourc	e
NO _X	3.90	8.31	0.831	Cummins Comp. Statement - CARB		
CO	1.30	2.77	0.277	Cummins Comp. Statement - CARB		
VOC	0.25	0.54	0.054	EPA Certification Data		
SO _x as SO ₂		0.0107	0.00107	Mass Balance		
PM	0.05	0.107	0.0107	Cummins Comp. Statement - CARB		
PM ₁₀	0.05	0.107	0.0107	Cummins Comp. Statement - CARB		
PM _{2.5}	0.05	0.107	0.0107	Cummins Comp. Statement - CARB		
			CO ₂ e	CO ₂ e		Emission Factor
Greenhouse Gases	kg/MMBtu	GWP	lb/MMBtu	lb/gallon	tpy, CO ₂ e	Source
CO_2	73.96	1	163.05	23	111.4	40 CFR 98
CH₄	0.003	25	0.165	0.023	0.11	40 CFR 98
N ₂ O	0.0006	298	0.394	0.054	0.27	40 CFR 98
Total GHG - CO ₂ e			163.6	23	111.8	