

TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT

Air Discharge Permit ADP 21-3473 ADP Application CL-3140

> Frito-Lay / Vancouver SWCAA ID - 448

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Southwest Clean Air Agency

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Abbreviations

acfm actual cubic feet per minute
ADP Air Discharge Permit

AP-42 Compilation of Emission Factors, AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume 1, Stationary Point and Area Sources –

published by the US Environmental Protection Agency

Btu British thermal unit

Btu/gal Heat content expressed in British thermal units per gallon

CAS # Chemical Abstracts Service registry number

cfm Cubic feet per minute

CPM Condensable particulate matter CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO Carbon monoxide

dscfm Dry standard cubic feet per minute EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ft² Square feet

gr/dscf Grains per dry standard cubic foot (68 °F, 1 atmosphere)

HAP Hazardous air pollutant listed pursuant to Section 112 of the Federal Clean Air Act

lb/10³ gal Pounds per thousand gallons

lb/hr Pounds per hour

lb/MMBtu Pounds per million British thermal units

lb/ton Pounds per ton lb/yr Pounds per year

MMBtu/hr Millions of British thermal units per hour

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet

NO_x Nitrogen oxides NOV Notice of Violation oz/yd² Once per square yard

PM Total particulate matter (includes both filterable and condensable particulate matter as measured by EPA

Methods 5 and 202)

PM₁₀ Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 10 micrometers (includes both

filterable and condensable particulate matter as measured by EPA Methods 5 and 202)

PM_{2.5} Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers (includes both

filterable and condensable particulate matter as measured by EPA Methods 5 and 202)

ppm Parts per million

ppmv Parts per million by volume ppmvd Parts per million by volume, dry RCW Revised Code of Washington

SQER Small Quantity Emission Rate listed in WAC 173-460

SO₂ Sulfur dioxide

SWCAA Southwest Clean Air Agency

TAP Toxic air pollutant pursuant to Chapter 173-460 WAC T-BACT Best Available Control Technology for toxic air pollutants

tpy Tons per year

VOC Volatile organic compound WAC Washington Administrative Code

1. FACILITY IDENTIFICATION

Applicant Name:

Frito-Lay, Inc.

Applicant Address:

4808 Fruit Valley Road, Vancouver, WA 98660

Facility Name:

Frito-Lay - Vancouver

Facility Address:

4808 Fruit Valley Road, Vancouver, WA 98660

Contact person:

Courtney Valero, Environmental Coordinator

SWCAA Identification:

448

Primary Process:

Snack Food Manufacturing - Potato Chips, Corn Chips & Other Snacks

SIC/NAICS Code:

2096 / 311919

Facility Classification:

Minor

2. FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The Frito-Lay, Inc. (Frito-Lay) facility in Vancouver, Washington produces a variety of snack chip products using multiple production lines. Emissions from these operations primarily consist of PM and VOC emissions from chip processing and combustion pollutants from the combustion of natural gas or propane. Potential emissions from the facility are all below Title V thresholds.

3. CURRENT PERMITTING ACTION

This permitting action is in response to Air Discharge Permit application number CL-3140 (ADP Application CL-3140) dated August 25, 2020. Frito-Lay, Inc. submitted ADP Application CL-3140 requesting approval of the following:

- Installation of a new pneumatic railcar corn unloading system;
- Installation of three new corn storage silos and associated transfer systems;
- Replacement of existing pneumatic corn transfer system from storage silos to production area; and
- Removal of existing railcar corn unloading system and three existing corn storage silos.

The current permitting action provides approval for installation of new corn handling and storage equipment as proposed in ADP Application CL-3140. No other changes are proposed by the applicant.

ADP 17-3249 will be superseded in its entirety by this permitting action.

4. PROCESS DESCRIPTION

- 4.a Potato Chip Production PCA/PCB-32 (existing). Raw potatoes from in-plant storage are metered through to the chip lines where they are prepared, inspected, fried, seasoned, and then packaged. Each line is equipped with an 'air sweeper' that removes water and trim pieces from the potato slices prior to frying. Each 'air sweeper' exhausts uncontrolled through a dedicated stack. Fryer oil for the lines is heated indirectly with dedicated heat exchangers. Process emissions from the fryer on each line are vented to a dedicated wet scrubber prior to ambient discharge. On the PCA line, combustion emissions from the heat exchanger combine with process emissions from the fryer downstream of the wet scrubber, and exhaust through the same stack. On the PCB-32 line, combustion emissions from the heat exchanger and process emissions from the fryer are exhausted through separate stacks. There is no ambient vent for salter machinery on either production line.
- 4.b <u>Corn Chip Production TC-2/TC-3/FCC-1/FCC-2 (existing)</u>. Frito-Lay uses steam kettles to cook corn prior to processing in the corn chip lines. Water and corn from in-plant storage is metered into the kettles where the corn is cooked using steam from the facility's process boiler. Kettles on the TC-2 line are vented to the atmosphere

uncontrolled. Emissions from the kettles on the FCC and TC-3 lines are vented to a wet scrubber. Potential emissions from the kettles are considered to be negligible. The primary purpose of the scrubber is to minimize odors. After cooking, the corn is ground and shaped/extruded into chip form. On the FCC production line, chips are fried in oil, salted, cooled, and packaged. On the TC lines, chips are oven toasted, fried in oil, seasoned, cooled, and packaged.

Fryer oil on all the corn chip lines is heated indirectly in dedicated heat exchangers. Prior to this project each fryer was direct-fired. Combustion emissions from the heat exchangers and process emissions from the fryers generally exhaust through separate stacks. Process emissions from fryers on the FCC production lines are controlled with oil/mist eliminators. Process emissions from the TC-2 and TC-3 fryers are vented to the intake of the heat exchanger for each line and then exhausted in common with combustion emissions from the heat exchanger. This configuration allows the heat exchanger to reduce fryer emissions by functioning as a thermal oxidizer.

- 4.c <u>Cheetos Chip Production FCP/BCP (existing).</u> Raw materials are metered into small kettles where the materials are mixed. Mixed material is extruded using four extruders, and then either baked in an oven or fried in an oil fryer. Cooked product is seasoned, cooled, and conveyed to packaging. Oil for the fryer is heated indirectly with a dedicated heat exchanger while the oven is direct fired. Process emissions from the extruders are controlled by a roto-clone and exhausted through a dedicated stack. Process emissions from the fryer are vented through an oil/mist eliminator before exhausting to the atmosphere. The process air cooler is exhausted through a dedicated stack equipped with a course, wire-mesh particulate filter. Combustion emissions from the heat exchanger and oven are exhausted through dedicated stacks.
- 4.d Corn Products Line CP1 (existing). The corn products line produces popcorn based snacks by heating the popcorn in a dry-heat oven and screening the resulting material in a continuous tumbler. Seasonings are added in a second tumbler, and then the product is packaged. Exhaust streams from the ovens and tumblers are vented inside the production building. The corn products line is currently configured with two popcorn ovens. The proposed change involves replacing the two existing ovens with a single oven of larger capacity. No one other significant changes with be made to the process or existing equipment.
- 4.e <u>Process Boiler (existing).</u> A single Hurst boiler is used to provide process steam to the facility. The boiler operates in a "load following" mode supplying steam as needed to the various cooking processes at the facility. The boiler is equipped with an oxygen trim system that uses an excess oxygen meter and active combustion controls to maintain flue gas oxygen at a preset level. The boiler is subject to the "Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units" (40CFR60, Subpart Dc).
- 4.f <u>Bulk Material Transfer and Storage Corn (modified).</u> Bulk corn is received at the facility from railcars using a choke feed system and mechanically conveyed to storage silos with an enclosed bucket elevator. From storage, the corn is transferred to the facility using pneumatic transfer. Emissions from corn handling are controlled through equipment enclosure and multiple dust collectors. Each dust collector is associated with a specific portion of the transfer system.

<u>ADP Application CL-3013.</u> Applicant proposes to replace the existing mechanical conveyance receiving system with a new pneumatic receiving system. The new pneumatic transfer system is rated at 45,000 lb/hr. The existing choke feed system and bucket elevator will be removed.

Applicant also proposes to replace the three existing corn storage silos with three new silos of similar design and capacity. Corn will be transferred from storage to facility operations via a new pneumatic system that ties into the existing receiving cyclone. The new transfer system is rated at 18,000 lb/hr. All existing storage silos will be removed.

4.g <u>Bulk Material Transfer and Storage – Cornmeal (existing)</u>. Bulk cornmeal is transferred from one process point to another using pneumatic transfer systems. Cornmeal is received in bulk and stored in silos prior to use. Emissions from the transfer systems are controlled through equipment enclosure and multiple baghouses. Each baghouse is associated with a specific portion of the transfer system.

5. EQUIPMENT/ACTIVITY IDENTIFICATION

- 5.a <u>PCA / Heat Exchanger (existing).</u> One natural gas/propane fired heat exchanger equipped with a North American model 4384-20 burner rated at 26.4 MMBtu/hr. Combustion emissions from the heat exchanger are exhausted through the same stack as the fryer (See Section 5.b below), but do not pass through the associated wet scrubber.
- 5.b <u>PCA / Fryer (existing).</u> One process fryer vented to a ZURN Dustraxtor model MWTS A-12-5 counter-current wet scrubber with in-hood demister pad. Exhaust streams from the wet scrubber discharge 43' above ground level at a rate of 5,320 acfm.
- 5.c <u>PCB-32 / Heat Exchanger (existing).</u> One Heat and Control model HX-11.5 natural gas/propane fired heat exchanger equipped with a North American model LE low NO_X burner with a rated heat input of 24.0 MMBtu/hr. Combustion emissions from the heat exchanger are exhausted through a dedicated stack 39' above ground level.
- 5.d <u>PCB-32 / Fryer (existing).</u> One process fryer vented to an Advanced Air Technology wet venturi scrubber with cyclonic mist removal. Exhaust streams from the wet scrubber discharge 43' above ground level at a rate of approximately 11,500 acfm.
- 5.e <u>FCC-1 / Heat Exchanger (existing).</u> One natural gas/propane fired heat exchanger that provides process heat to the FCC-1 fryer.

Mfg / Model:

Heat and Control / CHTX 3.0

Burner Make / Model:

Eclipse Winnox / WX0300 2.5 MMBtu/hr (process max)

Rated Heat Input:

Natural Gas / Propane

Fuel: Emissions:

25 ppmv NO_X / 120 ppmv CO (nat gas @ 3% O₂)

- 5.f FCC-1 / Fryer (existing). One process fryer vented to an oil/mist eliminator for control of oil and fume.
- 5.g <u>FCC-2 / Heat Exchanger (existing).</u> One natural gas/propane fired heat exchanger that provides process heat to the FCC-2 fryer.

Mfg / Model:

Heat and Control / CHTX 3.0

Burner Make / Model:

Eclipse Winnox / WX0300

Rated Heat Input:

2.5 MMBtu/hr (process max)

Fuel:

Natural Gas / Propane

Emissions:

25 ppmv NO_X / 120 ppmv CO (nat gas @ 3% O₂)

- 5.h FCC-2 / Fryer (existing). One process fryer vented to an oil/mist eliminator for control of oil and fume.
- 5.i <u>TC-2 / Heat Exchanger and Fryer (existing).</u> One natural gas/propane fired heat exchanger that provides process heat to the TC-2 fryer. Exhaust air from the TC-2 fryer is vented into the air intake of the heat exchanger which functions as a thermal oxidizer for the associated PM and VOC emissions. Combustion in the heat exchanger provides controlled incineration conditions at a minimum of 1400°F with a minimum residence time of 0.64 seconds.

Mfg / Model:

Kleen Heat / KHX-2.0

Burner Make / Model:

Eclipse Ratiomatic / RM0300

Rated Heat Input:

3.4 MMBtu/hr

Fuel:

Natural Gas / Propane

Emissions:

100 ppmv NO_X / 800 ppmv CO (nat gas @ 3% O₂)

There is no manufacturer's performance guarantee for the proposed installation. NO_X and CO emission data is based on emission monitoring data for the existing TC-2 heat exchanger burner. Emissions from the replacement burner are expected to be equivalent or better than the existing burner.

- 5.j <u>TC-2 / Oven (existing).</u> One natural gas fired process oven rated at 6.8 MMBtu/hr (heat input). Combustion emissions from the oven are exhausted through a dedicated stack.
- 5.k TC-3 / Heat Exchanger and Fryer (existing). One natural gas/propane fired heat exchanger that provides process heat to the TC-3 fryer. Exhaust air from the TC-3 fryer on this line is vented into the air intake of the heat exchanger which functions as a thermal oxidizer for the associated PM and VOC emissions. Combustion in the heat exchanger provides controlled incineration conditions at a minimum of 1400°F with a minimum residence time of 0.64 seconds.

Mfg / Model:

Kleen Heat / KHX-2.0

Burner Make / Model:

Eclipse Ratiomatic / RM0300

Rated Heat Input:

3.4 MMBtu/hr

Fuel:

Natural Gas / Propane

Emissions:

100 ppmv NO_X / 800 ppmv CO (nat gas @ 3% O₂)

There is no manufacturer's performance guarantee for the proposed installation. NO_X and CO emission data is based on emission monitoring data for the existing TC-3 heat exchanger burner. Emissions from the replacement burner are expected to be equivalent or better than the existing burner.

- 5.1 <u>TC-3 / Oven #1 (existing)</u>. One natural gas fired process oven with a rated heat input of 6.992 MMBtu/hr. Combustion emissions from the oven are exhausted through a dedicated stack.
- 5.m <u>TC-3 / Oven #2 (existing)</u>. One natural gas fired process oven with a rated heat input of 6.992 MMBtu/hr. Combustion emissions from the oven are exhausted through a dedicated stack.
- 5.n <u>FCP / Heat Exchanger (existing)</u>. One natural gas/propane fired heat exchanger that provides process heat to the FCP fryer. Combustion emissions from the heat exchanger are exhausted through a dedicated stack.

Mfg / Model:

Heat and Control / CHTX 1.0

Burner Make / Model:

Eclipse Winnox / WX0200

Rated Heat Input:

1.2 MMBtu/hr (process max)

Fuel:

Natural Gas / Propane

Emissions:

30 ppmv NO $_X$ / 150 ppmv CO (nat gas @ 3% O $_2$)

- 5.0 FCP / Process Fryer (existing). One process fryer vented through an oil/mist eliminator for control of oil and fume.
- 5.p <u>FCP / Extruders (existing).</u> Four process extruders. PM emissions from extruder operation are controlled by a W-type roto-clone exhausting above roof level through a dedicated stack.
- 5.q <u>BCP / Oven (existing)</u>. One natural gas/propane fired process oven with a rated heat input of 1.2 MMBtu/hr. Combustion emissions from the oven are exhausted uncontrolled through a dedicated stack.

- 5.r <u>CP1 / Popcorn Oven (existing)</u>. One Cretors model 1000 popper oven equipped with an Eclipse model AH-80 low-NO_x burner. The proposed oven has a rated heat input of 1.141 MMBtu/hr and fires on either natural gas or propane.
- 5.s <u>Process Boiler (existing)</u>. One natural gas/propane fired boiler that provides process steam to facility operations.

Mfg / Model:

Hurst / 4-X-400(s/n 5200-150-8)

Burner Make / Model:

Powerflame / LN1V168-G-L (w/flue gas recirculation)

Emissions: $30 \text{ ppmv NO}_X / 150 \text{ ppmv CO (nat gas @ 3% O₂)}$ $45 \text{ ppmv NO}_X / 150 \text{ ppmv CO (propane @ 3% O₂)}$

Rated Heat Input:

16.8 MMBtu/hr

Fuel:

Natural Gas / Propane

Exhaust Stack:

12" dia vertical stack at ~39' feet above ground

5.t <u>Corn Transfer System – Railcar Unloading Segment 1 (new).</u> One dust collector controls PM emissions generated by transfer of corn from railcars to the primary receiving system.

Mfg / Model:

Schenck / 19AVRC32 Style III

Rated Airflow:

1,915 acfm

Filtration Area / Media:

547 ft² of 8 oz/yd² spunbound polyester

Exhaust Configuration:

8" dia vertical exhaust at 21' above ground level

<u>ADP Application CL-3013.</u> Applicant proposes to replace the existing mechanical railcar unloading system with a new pneumatic receiving system. Segment 1 of the new system receives bulk corn from railcars and transfers it to a receiving unit located adjacent to the rail spur. The existing choke-feed system will be removed.

5.u <u>Corn Transfer System - Railcar Unloading Segment 2 (new)</u>. One dust collector controls PM emissions from the receiving system airlock. This unit is unpowered and works by displacement.

Mfg / Model: Rated Airflow: Schenck / 39AVRC04 Style II 504 acfm (typically 160 acfm)

Filtration Area / Media:

144 ft² of 8 oz/yd² spunbound polyester

Exhaust Configuration:

4" dia vertical exhaust at 11' above ground level

<u>ADP Application CL-3013.</u> Applicant proposes to replace the existing mechanical railcar unloading system with a new pneumatic receiving system. Segment 2 of the new system transfers bulk corn from the receiving unit to the storage silos.

5.v <u>Corn Transfer System – Corn Silo Vents (new).</u> One dust collector controls PM emissions generated when the corn storage silos are filled with corn. All three storage silos are vented to a common header served by this dust collector. The system is designed to fill only one silo at a time.

Mfg / Model:

Schenck / 19AVRC32 Style III

Rated Airflow:

1,915 acfm

Filtration Area / Media:

547 ft² of 8 oz/yd² spunbound polyester

Exhaust Configuration:

10" dia vertical exhaust at 8' above ground level

<u>ADP Application CL-3013.</u> Applicant proposes to replace the existing corn storage silos with new silos due to age and failing integrity. The new silos are fully enclosed and equipped with particulate controls.

5.w <u>Corn Transfer System – Pneumatic Transfer to Process Area (new).</u> Three dust collectors control PM emissions from the pneumatic transfer vessel on each corn storage silo. Each transfer vessel is equipped with a dedicated filter. These units are unpowered and work by displacement. The transfer system is designed to move corn from only one silo at a time.

Mfg / Model:

(3) Schenck / 19RTC1 Style II

Rated Airflow:

68 acfm each

Filtration Area / Media:

16.9 ft² of 8 oz/yd² spunbound polyester

Exhaust Configuration:

4" dia vertical exhaust at 9' above ground level

<u>ADP Application CL-3013.</u> Applicant proposes to install a new pneumatic transfer system between the new corn storage silos and the existing facility receiving cyclone. The existing pneumatic transfer system will be removed.

5.x <u>Corn Transfer System - Primary Handling (existing).</u> One baghouse controls PM emissions generated by pneumatic transfer of corn to and from cleaning operations and to storage.

Mfg / Model:

Air Sentry / 746

Rated Airflow:

5,000 acfm

Filtration Area / Media:

 746 ft^2

Exhaust Configuration:

24" dia vertical exhaust at 12' above ground level

5.y <u>Corn Transfer System - Corn Chip Lines (existing)</u>. One cartridge collector controls PM emissions generated by pneumatic transfer of corn from storage to the kettle receivers on the corn chip production lines (TC2/TC3/FCC).

Mfg / Model:

MACTIFLO / 2-MTF-4

Rated Airflow:

894 acfm

Filtration Area / Media:

1,180 ft²

5.z <u>Cornmeal Transfer System / Railcar Receiving (Baghouse 130) (existing).</u> One baghouse controls PM emissions generated by the cornmeal railcar receiving system.

Mfg / Model:

Shick Tube-Veyor / VMDE-4612-50

Rated Airflow:

625 acfm

Filtration Area / Media:

 $175 \, \mathrm{ft}^2$

5.aa <u>Cornmeal Transfer System / Storage Silos (Baghouse 205) (existing).</u> One baghouse controls PM emissions generated by cornmeal transfer to the storage silos.

Mfg / Model:

Shick Tube-Veyor

Rated Airflow:

383 acfm

Filtration Area / Media:

 $116 \, \mathrm{ft}^2$

5.ab <u>Cornmeal Transfer System / Metering Bins (Baghouse 325) (existing).</u> One baghouse controls PM emissions generated by cornmeal transfer from storage to the metering bins.

Mfg / Model:

Shick Tube-Veyor

Rated Airflow:

239 acfm

Filtration Area / Media:

66 ft²

5.ac Space Heaters (*existing*). Multiple natural gas fired space heaters with an estimated combined rated heat input of ~18.7 MMBtu/hr.

5.ad Insignificant Emission Units.

(1) <u>Air Coolers/Sweeps.</u> Frito-Lay uses various pieces of forced draft equipment in the chip process lines for the purposes of cooling and cleaning product. These units take in ambient room air and then exhaust above roof level through dedicated stacks. These units have the potential to emit small quantities of PM, but a review of available emissions data indicates that actual emissions are negligible.

PCA / Air Sweep One forced air process chamber that uses ambient room air to blow excess water and

trimmings from process material.

PCB-32 / Air Sweep One forced air process chamber that uses ambient room air to blow excess water and

trimmings from process material.

FCC-1 / Air Cooler
FCC-2 / Air Cooler
TC-2 / Air Cooler
TC-3 / Air Cooler
TC-7 / Air Cooler
TC-8 / Air Cooler
TC-9 / Air Cooler
TC-9 / Air Cooler
TC-1 / Air Cooler
TC-1 / Air Cooler
TC-2 / Air Cooler
TC-3 / Air Cooler
TC-3 / Air Cooler
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TC-3 / Air Cooler
TC-4 / Air Cooler
TC-5 / Air Cooler
TC-6 / Air Cooler
TC-7 / Air Cooler
TC-7 / Air Cooler
TC-8 / Air Cooler
TC-9 / Air Cooler

(2) <u>Corn Cooking Kettles.</u> Frito-Lay uses (9) steam heated kettles to prepare corn for use in the corn chip production lines (TC-2, TC-3, FCC-1, FCC-2). The headspace of the kettles vents uncontrolled to the ambient atmosphere, but prevailing operating conditions (i.e. low temperature, very little agitation, short cook time) produce an exhaust stream with negligible potential PM emissions.

5.ae Equipment/Activity Summary.

ID		# of		# of
No.	Generating Equipment/Activity	Units	Control Measure/Equipment	Units
1	PCA / Heat Exchanger (North American – 26.4 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Sulfur Fuel	N/A
2	PCA / Fryer	1	Wet Counter-Current Scrubber (5,320 acfm)	1
3	PCB-32 / Heat Exchanger (North American – 24.0 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low NO _x Burner, Low Sulfur Fuel	1
4	PCB-32 / Fryer	1	Wet Venturi Scrubber (11,500 acfm)	1
5	FCC-1 / Heat Exchanger (Eclipse – 2.5 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low NO _x Burner, Low Sulfur Fuel	1
6	FCC-1 / Fryer	1	Oil/Mist Eliminator	1
7	FCC-2 / Heat Exchanger (Eclipse – 2.5 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low NO _x Burner, Low Sulfur Fuel	1
8	FCC-2 / Fryer	1	Oil/Mist Eliminator	1
9	TC-2 / Heat Exchanger & Fryer (Eclipse - 3.4 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Sulfur Fuel, Thermal Oxidation	N/A
10	TC-2 / Oven (6.992 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Sulfur Fuel	N/A
11	TC-3 / Heat Exchanger & Fryer (Eclipse - 3.4 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Sulfur Fuel, Thermal Oxidation	N/A
12	TC-3 / Oven #1 (6.992 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Sulfur Fuel	N/A
13	TC-3 / Oven #2 (6.992 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Sulfur Fuel	N/A
14	FCP / Heat Exchanger (Eclipse - 1.2 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low NO _x Burner, Low Sulfur Fuel	1

ID No.	Generating Equipment/Activity	# of	Control Macanin/Equipment	# of
		Units	Control Measure/Equipment	Units
15	FCP / Fryer	1	Oil/Mist Eliminator	1
16	FCP / Extruders	4	Roto-clone	1
17	BCP / Oven (1.2 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Sulfur Fuel	N/A
18	CP1 / Popcorn Oven (1.141 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low NO _x Burner, Low Sulfur Fuel	N/A
19	Process Boiler (Hurst – 16.8 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low NO _x Burner, Low Sulfur Fuel, Flue Gas Recirculation	1
20	Corn Transfer System – Railcar Unloading Segment 1	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Dust Collector (1,915 acfm)	1
21	Corn Transfer System – Railcar Unloading Segment 2	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Dust Collector (504 acfm)	1
22	Corn Transfer System - Corn Silo Vents	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Dust Collector (1,915 acfm)	1
23	Corn Transfer System – Pneumatic Transfer to Process Area	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Dust Collector (68 acfm)	1
24	Corn Transfer System – Primary Handling	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Baghouse (5,000 acfm)	1
25	Corn Transfer System – Corn Chip Lines	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Cartridge Collector (894 acfm)	1
26	Cornmeal Transfer System – Railcar Receiving	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Baghouse (625 acfm)	1
27	Cornmeal Transfer System – Storage Silos	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Baghouse (383 acfm)	1
28	Cornmeal Transfer System – Metering Bins	N/A	Equipment Enclosure, Baghouse (239 acfm)	1
29	Space Heaters (combined 18.7 MMBtu/hr)	N/A	Low Sulfur Fuel	N/A

6. EMISSIONS DETERMINATION

Emissions to the ambient atmosphere from the equipment proposed in ADP Application CL-3140 consist of nitrogen oxides (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), volatile organic compounds (VOC), particulate matter (PM) sulfur dioxide (SO₂), toxic air pollutants (TAPs), and hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

- 6.a <u>PCA Production Line (existing)</u>. Emissions from the PCA line consist of natural gas combustion products from the heat exchanger and process emissions from the chip fryer.
 - (1) <u>Heat Exchanger Emissions.</u> Available NO_X and CO emission data for the North American model 4384-20 burner are listed in the table below. Based on the data, NO_X and CO emission limits have been established at 90 ppmv and 30 ppmv, respectively (corrected to 3% O₂).

Pollutant Pollutant	Emission Concentration	Data Source
NO_X	89 ppmv @ 3% O ₂	Manufacturer
	64.3 ppmv @ 3% O ₂	Emission Test – May 12-15, 2003
CO	21 ppmv @ 3% O ₂	Manufacturer
	21.9 ppmv @ 3% O ₂	Emission Test – May 12-15, 2003

Emission factors for NO_x and CO while firing natural gas have been calculated using EPA Method 19 methodology and the NO_x and CO emission limits identified above. Emission factors for all other pollutants while firing natural gas are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Potential emissions are calculated based on a rated heat input of 26.4 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, and a propane heat content of 91,500 Btu/gal.

Pollutant	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	<u>Emis</u>	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.109 lb/MMBtu	2.88 lb/hr	11.88 tpy
	Propane	0.2077 lb/MMBtu	5.48 lb/hr	1.37 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.022 lb/MMBtu	0.58 lb/hr	2.40 tpy
	Propane	0.035 lb/MMBtu	0.92 lb/hr	0.23 tpy
VOC		0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.14 lb/hr	0.62 tpy
SO_2		0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.07 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$		0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.20 lb/hr	0.87 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	5.44E-5 lb/hr	0.5 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	1.94E-3 lb/hr	17.0 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		12,757 tpy
-	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		902 tpy

(2) <u>Fryer Emissions</u>. Emission factors for process emissions of PM and VOC from the PCA fryer are based on emission test data collected from similar process units at other Frito Lay facilities. The PM emission rate given below includes the control efficiency of the wet scrubber (80%). Potential emissions are calculated using the emission factors and maximum expected production rates. PM fractions are based on data from an emission factor study conducted by Frito-Lay.

Pollutant	Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
VOC	0.046 lb/hr	0.20 tpy
PM	5.03 lb/hr	22.03 tpy
PM ₁₀ (40% PM)	2.01 lb/hr	8.82 tpy
PM _{2.5} (20% PM)	1.01 lb/hr	4.41 tpy

- 6.b <u>PCB-32 Production Line (existing)</u>. Emissions from the PCB-32 line consist of combustion products from the heat exchanger and process emissions from the chip fryer.
 - (1) <u>Heat Exchanger Emissions.</u> The manufacturer of the North American model LE burner guarantees the following emission concentrations while firing on natural gas:

<u>Pollutant</u>	Emission Concentration	Data Source
NO_X	30 ppmv @ 3% O ₂	Manufacturer
CO	50 ppmv @ 3% O ₂	Manufacturer

Potential heat exchanger emissions are calculated from a rated heat input of 24.0 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, and a propane heat content of 91,500 Btu/gal, and applicable emission factors. Emission factors for NO_x and CO while firing natural gas are calculated using EPA Method 19 methodology and the NO_x and CO emission concentrations identified above. Emission factors for NO_x and CO

while firing propane are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.5 "LPG Combustion" (10/96). Emission factors for all other pollutants are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98).

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	<u>Emis</u>	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.036 lb/MMBtu	0.86 lb/hr	3.57 tpy
	Propane	0.2077 lb/MMBtu	4.98 lb/hr	1.25 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.037 lb/MMBtu	0.89 lb/hr	3.67 tpy
	Propane	0.035 lb/MMBtu	0.84 lb/hr	0.21 tpy
VOC		0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.13 lb/hr	0.57 tpy
SO_2		0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.014 lb/hr	0.06 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$		0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.18 lb/hr	0.79 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	4.94E-5 lb/hr	0.4 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	1.76E-3 lb/hr	15.5 lb/yr
CO_2e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		11,597 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		820 tpy

(2) Fryer Emissions. Potential fryer emissions are calculated from 8,760 hr/yr of operation, and a production rate of 3,800 lb/hr, and applicable emission factors. The VOC emission factor is for this unit is being modified in response to ADP Application CL-1722. The original engineering review of this unit applied an emission factor of 0.02 lb/ton taken from EPA AP-42, Section 9.13.3 "Snack Chip Deep Fat Frying" (1/95). Subsequent emission testing of the fryer indicated that VOC emissions significantly exceeded this emission factor. The VOC emission factor will now be increased to reflect the available test data. The PM emission factor is based on emission test data collected from a similar process unit at another Frito Lay facility, adjusted to include the proposed control efficiency of the wet scrubber (85%), and remains unchanged. PM fractions are based on data from an emission factor study conducted by Frito-Lay.

Pollutant	Emission Factor	Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
VOC	0.33 lb/ton	0.63 lb/hr	2.75 tpy
PM	1.02 lb/ton	1.94 lb/hr	8.49 tpy
PM ₁₀ (40% PM)		0.78 lb/hr	3.40 tpy
PM _{2.5} (20% PM)		0.39 lb/hr	1.70 tpy

- 6.c <u>FCC-1 Production Line (existing)</u>. Emissions from the FCC-1 production line consist of combustion products from the heat exchanger and process emissions from the chip fryer.
 - (1) <u>Heat Exchanger Emissions.</u> Potential heat exchanger emissions are calculated from a maximum heat input of 2.5 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, a propane heat content of 91.5 MMBtu/10³ gal, and applicable emissions factors. Emission factors for CO are based on a maximum emission concentration of 120 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factors for NO_x are based on maximum emission concentrations of 25 ppmv (natural gas) and 30 ppmv (propane) @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. All of the concentrations referenced above were taken from vendor data for the unit. Emission factors for all other pollutants from natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Emission factors for all other pollutants from propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The emission factor for SO₂ is based on a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	Emiss	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.030 lb/MMBtu	0.08 lb/hr	0.31 tpy
	Propane	0.0364 lb/MMBtu	0.09 lb/hr	0.02 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.089 lb/MMBtu	0.22 lb/hr	0.92 tpy
	Propane	0.089 lb/MMBtu	0.22 lb/hr	0.06 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.014 lb/hr	0.06 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.008 lb/hr	0.002 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.002 lb/hr	0.006 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.04 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.08 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.01 lb/hr	0.003 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	5.15E-6 lb/hr	0.04 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	1.84E-4 lb/hr	1.5 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		1,208 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		85 tpy

(2) <u>Fryer Emissions.</u> Potential fryer emissions are calculated from 8,760 hr/yr of operation, approximately 4,120 tpy of process throughput, and applicable emission factors. The PM emission factor is based on emission test data collected from a similar process unit at another Frito Lay facility. The VOC emission factor is taken from EPA AP-42, Section 9.13.3 "Snack Chip Deep Fat Frying" (1/95). PM fractions are based on data from an emission factor study conducted by Frito-Lay.

<u>Pollutant</u>	Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
VOC	0.085 lb/ton	0.18 tpy
PM	0.64 lb/hr	2.80 tpy
PM ₁₀ (40% PM)	0.26 lb/hr	1.12 tpy
PM _{2.5} (20% PM)	0.13 lb/hr	0.56 tpy

- 6.d <u>FCC-2 Production Line (existing)</u>. Emissions from the FCC-2 production line consist of combustion products from the heat exchanger and process emissions from the chip fryer.
 - (1) Heat Exchanger Emissions. Potential heat exchanger emissions are calculated from a rated heat input of 2.5 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, a propane heat content of 91.5 MMBtu/10³ gal, and applicable emissions factors. Emission factors for CO are based on a maximum emission concentration of 120 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factors for NO_x are based on maximum emission concentrations of 25 ppmv (natural gas) and 30 ppmv (propane) @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. All of the concentrations referenced above were taken from vendor data for the unit. Emission factors for all other pollutants from natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Emission factors for all other pollutants from propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The emission factor for SO₂ is based on a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

Pollutant	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	Emiss	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.030 lb/MMBtu	0.08 lb/hr	0.31 tpy
	Propane	0.0364 lb/MMBtu	0.09 lb/hr	0.02 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.089 lb/MMBtu	0.22 lb/hr	0.92 tpy
	Propane	0.089 lb/MMBtu	0.22 lb/hr	0.06 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.014 lb/hr	0.06 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.008 lb/hr	0.002 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.002 lb/hr	0.006 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.04 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.08 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.01 lb/hr	0.003 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	5.15E-6 lb/hr	0.04 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	1.84E-4 lb/hr	1.5 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		1,208 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		85 tpy

(2) <u>Fryer Emissions.</u> Potential fryer emissions are calculated from 8,760 hr/yr of operation, approximately 4,120 tpy of process throughput, and applicable emission factors. The PM emission factor is based on emission test data collected from a similar process unit at another Frito Lay facility. The VOC emission factor is taken from EPA AP-42, Section 9.13.3 "Snack Chip Deep Fat Frying" (1/95). PM fractions are based on data from an emission factor study conducted by Frito-Lay.

Pollutant	Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
VOC	0.085 lb/ton	0.18 tpy
PM	0.64 lb/hr	2.80 tpy
PM ₁₀ (40% PM)	0.26 lb/hr	1.12 tpy
PM _{2.5} (20% PM)	0.13 lb/hr	0.56 tpy

- 6.e <u>TC-2 Production Line (existing)</u>. Emissions from the TC-2 production line consist of combustion products from the heat exchanger, combustion products from the oven, and process emissions from the chip fryer.
 - (1) Heat Exchanger Emissions. Potential heat exchanger emissions are calculated from a rated heat input of 3.4 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, and applicable emissions factors. NO_X and CO emission factors are derived from actual monitored data. Emission factor for CO is based on a maximum emission concentration of 800 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factor for NO_X is based on maximum emission concentration of 100 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factors for all other pollutants from natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Emission factors for all other pollutants from propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The emission factor for SO₂ is based on a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

Pollutant	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	Emiss	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.121 lb/MMBtu	0.41 lb/hr	1.80 tpy
	Propane	0.121 lb/MMBtu	0.41 lb/hr	0.10 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.591 lb/MMBtu	2.01 lb/hr	8.80 tpy
	Propane	0.591 lb/MMBtu	2.01 lb/hr	0.50 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.08 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.01 lb/hr	0.003 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.002 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.05 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.03 lb/hr	0.11 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.004 tpy
Benzene	_	2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	7.00E-6 lb/hr	0.06 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	2.50E-4 lb/hr	2.1 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		1,643 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		116 tpy

(2) <u>Fryer Emissions.</u> Potential fryer emissions are calculated from 8,760 hr/yr of operation, approximately 11,500 tpy of process throughput, and applicable emission factors. The PM emission factor is based on emission test data collected at the Vancouver facility in July, 1992. The VOC emission factor is taken from EPA AP-42, Section 9.13.3 "Snack Chip Deep Fat Frying" (1/95). PM fractions are based on data from an emission factor study conducted by Frito-Lay. Exhaust from the fryer is vented through the combustion chamber of the heat exchanger prior to discharge. The emission data from July, 1992 indicates that this reduces PM emissions by approximately 73%. Although not tested, it is assumed that the heat exchanger achieves a reduction in VOC emissions comparable to the PM control efficiency.

Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
0.023 lb/ton	0.13 tpy
0.1 lb/hr	0.44 tpy
0.04 lb/hr	0.18 tpy
0.02 lb/hr	0.09 tpy
	0.023 lb/ton 0.1 lb/hr 0.04 lb/hr

(3) Oven Emissions. Potential oven emissions are calculated from a rated heat input of 6.992 MMBtu/hr, 8,760 hr/yr of potential operation, and applicable emission factors. NO_x and CO emission factors are based on emission test data collected from another Frito Lay facility. All other emission factors are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	<u>Emis</u>	<u>sions</u>
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.086 lb/MMBtu	0.60 lb/hr	2.63 tpy
CO		0.42 lb/MMBtu	2.94 lb/hr	12.86 tpy
VOC		0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.04 lb/hr	0.17 tpy
SO_2		0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.004 lb/hr	0.02 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$		0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.05 lb/hr	0.23 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	1.44E-5 lb/hr	0.1 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	5.14E-4 lb/hr	4.5 lb/yr
CO ₂ e		117 lb/MMBtu		3,583 tpy

- 6.f <u>TC-3 Production Line (existing)</u>. Emissions from the TC-3 production line consist of combustion products from the heat exchanger, combustion products from the oven, and process emissions from the chip fryer.
 - (1) Heat Exchanger Emissions. Potential heat exchanger emissions are calculated from a rated heat input of 3.4 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, and applicable emissions factors. NO_X and CO emission factors are derived from actual monitored data. Emission factor for CO is based on a maximum emission concentration of 800 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factor for NO_X is based on maximum emission concentration of 100 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factors for all other pollutants from natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Emission factors for all other pollutants from propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The emission factor for SO₂ is based on a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	Emiss	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.121 lb/MMBtu	0.41 lb/hr	1.80 tpy
	Propane	0.121 lb/MMBtu	0.41 lb/hr	0.10 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.591 lb/MMBtu	2.01 lb/hr	8.80 tpy
	Propane	0.591 lb/MMBtu	2.01 lb/hr	0.50 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.08 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.01 lb/hr	0.003 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.002 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.05 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.03 lb/hr	0.11 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.004 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	7.00E-6 lb/hr	0.06 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	2.50E-4 lb/hr	2.1 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		1,643 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		116 tpy

(2) <u>Fryer Emissions.</u> Potential fryer emissions are calculated from 8,760 hr/yr of operation, approximately 11,500 tpy of process throughput, and applicable emission factors. The PM emission factor is based on emission test data collected at the Vancouver facility in July, 1992. The VOC emission factor is taken from EPA AP-42, Section 9.13.3 "Snack Chip Deep Fat Frying" (1/95). PM fractions are based on data from an emission factor study conducted by Frito-Lay. Exhaust from the fryer is vented through the combustion chamber of the heat exchanger prior to discharge. The emission data from July, 1992 indicates that this reduces PM emissions by approximately 73%. Although not tested, it is assumed that the heat exchanger achieves a reduction in VOC emissions comparable to the PM control efficiency.

Pollutant	Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
VOC	0.023 lb/ton	0.13 tpy
PM	0.1 lb/hr	0.44 tpy
PM ₁₀ (40% PM)	0.04 lb/hr	0.18 tpy
PM _{2.5} (20% PM)	0.02 lb/hr	0.09 tpy

(3) Oven Emissions. Potential oven emissions are calculated from a combined heat input of 13.984 MMBtu/hr, 8,760 hr/yr of potential operation, and applicable emission factors. NO_x and CO emission factors are based on emission test data collected from another Frito Lay facility. All other emission factors are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

Pollutant	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	Emiss	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.086 lb/MMBtu	1.2 lb/hr	5.27 tpy
CO		0.42 lb/MMBtu	5.9 lb/hr	25.73 tpy
VOC		0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.08 lb/hr	0.33 tpy
SO_2		0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.008 lb/hr	0.04 tpy
PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}		0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.1 lb/hr	0.46 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	2.88E-5 lb/hr	0.3 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	1.03E-3 lb/hr	9.0 lb/yr
CO ₂ e		117 lb/MMBtu		7,166 tpy

- 6.g <u>FCP/BCP Production Line (existing)</u>. Emissions from the FCP/BCP production lines consist of combustion products from the heat exchanger and oven, and process emissions from the fryer and product extruders.
 - (1) FCP Heat Exchanger Emissions. Potential heat exchanger emissions are calculated from a rated heat input of 1.2 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, and applicable emissions factors. Emission factors for CO are based on a maximum emission concentration of 150 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factors for NO_x are based on maximum emission concentration of 30 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factors for all other pollutants from natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Emission factors for all other pollutants from propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The emission factor for SO₂ is based on a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

Pollutant	Fuel	Emission Factor	Emis	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.036 lb/MMBtu	0.04 lb/hr	0.18 tpy
	Propane	0.0364 lb/MMBtu	0.04 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.111 lb/MMBtu	0.13 lb/hr	0.55 tpy
	Propane	0.111 lb/MMBtu	0.13 lb/hr	0.03 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.006 lb/hr	0.03 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.004 lb/hr	0.001 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.0007 lb/hr	0.003 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.005 tpy
PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.009 lb/hr	0.04 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.005 lb/hr	0.001 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	2.47E-6 lb/hr	0.02 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	8.82E-5 lb/hr	0.7 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		580 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		41 tpy

(2) <u>FCP Fryer Emissions.</u> Potential fryer emissions are calculated from 8,760 hr/yr of operation, a process throughput of 2,200 lb/hr, and applicable emission factors. The VOC emission factor is taken from EPA AP-42, Table 9.13-3 "Snack Chip Deep Fat Frying" (1/95). The PM emission factor is based on emission test data collected from a similar process unit at another Frito Lay facility (Beloit). PM fractions are based on test data provided by Frito-Lay.

<u>Pollutant</u>	Emission Factor	Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
VOC	0.085 lb/ton	0.094 lb/hr	0.41 tpy
PM	0.134 lb/ton	0.15 lb/hr	0.64 tpy
PM ₁₀ (40% PM)		0.06 lb/hr	0.26 tpy
PM _{2.5} (20% PM)		0.03 lb/hr	0.13 tpy

(3) <u>Extruder/Roto-clone Emissions.</u> Potential extruder emissions are calculated from 8,760 hr/yr of operation, a process throughput of 2,200 lb/hr, and a PM emission factor based on emission test data collected from a similar process unit at another Frito-Lay facility (Beloit). PM fractions are assumed to be similar to other process streams at the facility.

<u>Pollutant</u>	Emission Factor	Emission Rate	Potential Emissions
PM	0.04 lb/ton	0.044 lb/hr	0.19 tpy
PM_{10} (40% PM)		0.018 lb/hr	0.08 tpy
PM _{2.5} (20% PM)		0.009 lb/hr	0.04 tpy

(4) <u>BCP Oven Emissions.</u> Potential oven emissions are calculated from a rated heat input of 1.2 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, a propane heat content of 91.5 MMBtu/10³ gal, and applicable emissions factors. Emission factors for natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Emission factors for propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The emission factor for SO₂ assumes a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	<u>Emis</u>	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.098 lb/MMBtu	0.12 lb/hr	0.49 tpy
	Propane	0.153 lb/MMBtu	0.18 lb/hr	0.05 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.082 lb/MMBtu	0.10 lb/hr	0.41 tpy
	Propane	0.021 lb/MMBtu	0.03 lb/hr	0.006 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.006 lb/hr	0.03 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.004 lb/hr	0.001 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.0007 lb/hr	0.003 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.005 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.009 lb/hr	0.04 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.005 lb/hr	0.001 tpy
Benzene	•	2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	2.47E-6 lb/hr	0.02 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	8.82E-5 lb/hr	0.7 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		580 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		41 tpy

6.h CP1 Popcorn Oven (existing). Potential emissions from the CP1 popcorn oven are calculated from a rated heat input of 1.141 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, and applicable emission factors. Emission factors for NO_x and CO from natural gas combustion are calculated from maximum emission concentrations of 75 ppmv and 225 ppmv respectively (@ 3% O₂) using EPA Method 19 methodology. All other emission factors for natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). Emission factors for propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The propane emission factor for SO₂ assumes a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	Emiss	sions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.0911 lb/MMBtu	0.10 lb/hr	0.43 tpy
	Propane	0.153 lb/MMBtu	0.18 lb/hr	0.04 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.1663 lb/MMBtu	0.19 lb/hr	0.78 tpy
	Propane	0.021 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.006 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.006 lb/hr	0.03 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.004 lb/hr	0.001 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.0007 lb/hr	0.003 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/hr	0.005 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.009 lb/hr	0.04 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.005 lb/hr	0.001 tpy
Benzene	•	2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	2.35E-6 lb/hr	0.02 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	8.39E-5 lb/hr	0.7 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		551 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		39 tpy

6.i Process Boiler (existing). Potential emissions from boiler operation are calculated from a rated heat input of 16.8 MMBtu/hr, 8,260 hr/yr of natural gas operation, 500 hr/yr of propane operation, a propane heat content of 91.5 MMBtu/10³ gal, and applicable emissions factors. Emission factors for CO are based on a maximum emission concentration of 50 ppmv @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. Emission factors for NO₂ are based on maximum emission concentrations of 30 ppmv (natural gas) and 45 ppmv (propane) @ 3% O₂ using EPA Method 19 methodology. All other emission factors for natural gas combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). All other emission factors for propane combustion are taken from EPA AP-42, Table 1.5 "Emission Factors for LPG Combustion" (10/96). The propane emission factor for SO₂ assumes a maximum propane sulfur content of 14.8 gr/100 ft³. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM₂.5.

Pollutant	Fuel	Emission Factor	Emiss	sions
$\overline{NO_X}$	Nat Gas	0.035 lb/MMBtu	0.59 lb/hr	2.43 tpy
	Propane	0.055 lb/MMBtu	0.92 lb/hr	0.23 tpy
CO	Nat Gas	0.036 lb/MMBtu	0.61 lb/hr	2.50 tpy
	Propane	0.036 lb/MMBtu	0.61 lb/hr	0.15 tpy
VOC	Nat Gas	0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.09 lb/hr	0.37 tpy
	Propane	0.0033 lb/MMBtu	0.06 lb/hr	0.01 tpy
SO_2	Nat Gas	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.01 lb/hr	0.04 tpy
	Propane	0.016 lb/MMBtu	0.27 lb/hr	0.07 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$	Nat Gas	0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.13 lb/hr	0.52 tpy
	Propane	0.0044 lb/MMBtu	0.07 lb/hr	0.02 tpy
Benzene	-	2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	3.46E-5 lb/hr	0.3 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	1.23E-3 lb/hr	10.8 lb/yr
CO ₂ e	Nat Gas	117 lb/MMBtu		8,118 tpy
	Propane	136.6 lb/MMBtu		574 tpy

6.j <u>Material Transfer Systems / Dust Collectors (modified)</u>. Potential emissions from facility dust collectors are calculated from maximum allowed exhaust concentration (0.005 gr/dscf), the rated flow of each unit, and 8,760 hr/yr of operation. All PM emissions are assumed to be PM₁₀. PM emissions are assumed to be 21% PM_{2.5} (EPA PM Calculator Version 2.0 - SCC 30200505).

			Potential 1	Emissions
Dust Collector	<u>Flowrate</u>		<u>(lb/hr)</u>	(tpy)
Corn – Railcar Unloading Segment 1	1,915 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.08	0.36
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.02	0.08
Corn – Railcar Unloading Segment 2	504 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.02	0.10
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.005	0.02
Corn – Corn Silo Vents	1,915 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.08	0.36
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.02	0.08
Corn – Pneumatic Transfer /Process Area	68 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.003	0.01
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.001	0.003
Corn – Primary Handling	5,000 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.21	0.94
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.05	0.20
Corn – Corn Chip Lines	894 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.04	0.17
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.01	0.04
Cornmeal – Railcar Receiver	625 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.03	0.12
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.01	0.03
Cornmeal – Storage Silos	383 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.02	0.07
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.003	0.02
Cornmeal – Metering Bins	238 acfm	PM/PM_{10}	0.01	0.04
		PM _{2.5}	0.002	0.01
	Total:	PM/PM_{10}	0.50	2.17
		$PM_{2.5}$	0.10	0.46

6.k Space Heaters (existing). Potential space heater emissions are calculated from a practical maximum heat input of 9.5 MMBtu/hr, 8,760 hr/yr of operation, and emission factors from EPA AP-42, Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" (7/98). All PM emissions are assumed to be PM_{2.5}.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	Emission Factor	<u>Emiss</u>	ions
NO_X	Nat Gas	0.098 lb/MMBtu	0.93 lb/hr	4.08 tpy
CO		0.082 lb/MMBtu	0.78 lb/hr	3.41 tpy
VOC		0.0054 lb/MMBtu	0.05 lb/hr	0.22 tpy
SO_2		0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.06 lb/hr	0.03 tpy
$PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5}$		0.0075 lb/MMBtu	0.07 lb/hr	0.31 tpy
Benzene		2.06E-6 lb/MMBtu	1.96E-5 lb/hr	0.2 lb/yr
Formaldehyde		7.35E-5 lb/MMBtu	6.98E-4 lb/hr	6.1 lb/yr
CO ₂ e		117 lb/MMBtu		tpy

6.1 <u>Emissions Summary / Facility-wide Potential to Emit.</u> Facility-wide potential to emit as calculated in the sections above is summarized below.

Pollutant	Emissions	Project Increase
NO_X	38.17 tpy	0.00 tpy
CO	72.49 tpy	0.00 tpy
VOC	6.60 tpy	0.00 tpy
SO_2	0.61 tpy	0.00 tpy
Lead	0.00 tpy	0.00 tpy
PM	43.66 tpy	0.83 tpy
PM_{10}	20.95 tpy	0.83 tpy
$PM_{2.5}$	11.67 tpy	0.17 tpy
TAP	0.04 tpy	0.00 tpy
HAP	0.04 tpy	0.00 tpy
CO_2e		58,321

Pollutant	CAS Number	Category	Facility-wide Emissions (lb/yr)	Incremental Increase (lb/yr)	WAC 173-460 SQER (lb/yr)
Benzene	71-43-2	HAP/TAP A	1.9	0.0	20
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	HAP/TAP A	69.7	0.0	20

7. REGULATIONS AND EMISSION STANDARDS

Regulations that have been used to evaluate the acceptability of the proposed facility and establish emission limits and control requirements include, but are not limited to, the regulations, codes, or requirements listed below.

- Code of Federal Regulations Title 40 Part 60 (40 CFR 60) Subpart Dc "Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units" applies to any steam generating unit with a heat input greater than or equal to 10 million Btu/hr, but less than or equal to 100 million Btu/hr constructed, modified, or reconstructed after June 9, 1989. The NSPS for "Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units" (40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc) is applicable to the Hurst process boiler at this facility. Frito-Lay is in compliance with applicable requirements from that regulation. Although a number of fryer heat exchangers at the facility have rated capacities larger than Subpart Dc's applicability threshold, EPA has determined that these units do not constitute an "affected facility" for the purposes of this regulation.
- 7.b Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 70.94.141 empowers any activated air pollution control authority to prepare and develop a comprehensive plan or plans for the prevention, abatement and control of air pollution within its jurisdiction. An air pollution control authority may issue such orders as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of the Washington Clean Air Act [RCW 70.94] and enforce the same by all appropriate administrative and judicial proceedings subject to the rights of appeal as provided in Chapter 62, Laws of 1970 ex. sess.
- 7.c <u>RCW 70.94.152</u> provides for the inclusion of conditions of operation as are reasonably necessary to assure the maintenance of compliance with the applicable ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations when issuing an Air Discharge Permit for installation and establishment of an air contaminant source.
- 7.d WAC 173-460 "Controls for New Sources of Toxic Air Pollutants" requires Best Available Control Technology for toxic air pollutants (T-BACT), identification and quantification of emissions of toxic air pollutants and demonstration of protection of human health and safety. SWCAA implements WAC 173-460 as in effect on August 21, 1998.

- 7.e WAC 173-476 "Ambient Air Quality Standards" establishes ambient air quality standards for PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, lead, sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, ozone, and carbon monoxide in the ambient air, which shall not be exceeded.
- 7.f <u>SWCAA 400-040 "General Standards for Maximum Emissions"</u> requires all new and existing sources and emission units to meet certain performance standards with respect to Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT), visible emissions, fallout, fugitive emissions, odors, emissions detrimental to persons or property, sulfur dioxide, concealment and masking, and fugitive dust.
- 7.g SWCAA 400-050 "Emission Standards for Combustion and Incineration Units" requires that all provisions of SWCAA 400-040 be met and that no person shall cause or permit the emission of particulate matter from any combustion or incineration unit in excess of 0.23 grams per dry cubic meter (0.1 grains per dry standard cubic foot) of exhaust gas at standard conditions.
- 7.h <u>SWCAA 400-060 "Emission Standards for General Process Units"</u> prohibits particulate matter emissions from all new and existing process units in excess of 0.1 grains per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gas.
- 7.i <u>SWCAA 400-109 "Air Discharge Permit Applications"</u> requires that an Air Discharge Permit application be submitted for all new installations, modifications, changes, or alterations to process and emission control equipment consistent with the definition of "new source". Sources wishing to modify existing permit terms may submit an Air Discharge Permit application to request such changes. An Air Discharge Permit must be issued, or written confirmation of exempt status must be received, before beginning any actual construction, or implementing any other modification, change, or alteration of existing equipment, processes, or permits.
- 7.j <u>SWCAA 400-110 "New Source Review"</u> requires that SWCAA issue an Air Discharge Permit in response to an Air Discharge Permit application prior to establishment of the new source, emission unit, or modification.
- 7.k SWCAA 400-111 "Requirements for Sources in a Maintenance Plan Area" requires that no approval to construct or alter an air contaminant source shall be granted unless it is evidenced that:
 - (1) The equipment or technology is designed and will be installed to operate without causing a violation of the applicable emission standards;
 - (2) Emissions will be minimized to the extent that the new source will not exceed emission levels or other requirements provided in the maintenance plan;
 - (3) Best Available Control Technology will be employed for all air contaminants to be emitted by the proposed equipment;
 - (4) The proposed equipment will not cause any ambient air quality standard to be exceeded; and
 - (5) If the proposed equipment or facility will emit any toxic air pollutant regulated under WAC 173-460, the proposed equipment and control measures will meet all the requirements of that Chapter.

8. RACT/BACT/BART/LAER/PSD/CAM DETERMINATIONS

The proposed equipment and control systems incorporate Best Available Control Technology (BACT) for the types and amounts of air contaminants emitted by the processes as described below:

8.a <u>BACT Determination – Corn Handling and Storage</u>. The proposed use of process enclosure and high efficiency particulate filtration has been determined to meet the requirements of BACT for corn handling and storage operations at this facility.

Other Determinations

8.b <u>Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Applicability Determination:</u> The potential to emit of this facility is less than applicable PSD applicability thresholds. Likewise, this permitting action will not result in a potential increase in emissions equal to or greater than the PSD thresholds. Therefore, PSD review is not applicable to this action.

8.c <u>Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Applicability Determination.</u> CAM is not applicable to any emission unit at this facility because it is not a major source and is not required to obtain a Part 70 permit.

9. AMBIENT IMPACT ANALYSIS

9.a <u>TAP Small Quantity Review.</u> The new equipment and modifications proposed in ADP Application CL-3140 will not change the previously approved ambient impact of the applicant's facility.

Conclusions

- 9.b Replacement of corn handling and storage equipment, as proposed in ADP Application CL-3140, will not cause the ambient air quality requirements of Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 50 "National Primary and Secondary Ambient Air Quality Standards" to be violated.
- 9.c Replacement of corn handling and storage equipment, as proposed in ADP Application CL-3140, will not cause the requirements of WAC 173-460 "Controls for New Sources of Toxic Air Pollutants" (as in effect 8/21/98) or WAC 173-476 "Ambient Air Quality Standards" to be violated.
- 9.d Replacement of corn handling and storage equipment, as proposed in ADP Application CL-3140, will not cause a violation of emission standards for sources as established under SWCAA General Regulations Sections 400-040 "General Standards for Maximum Emissions," 400-050 "Emission Standards for Combustion and Incineration Units," and 400-060 "Emission Standards for General Process Units."

10. DISCUSSION OF APPROVAL CONDITIONS

SWCAA has made a determination to issue ADP 21-3473 in response to ADP Application CL-3140. ADP 21-3473 contains approval requirements deemed necessary to assure compliance with applicable regulations and emission standards as discussed below.

- 10.a <u>Supersession of Previous Permits.</u> ADP 21-3473 supersedes ADP 17-3249 in its entirety.
- General Basis. Permit requirements for equipment affected by this permitting action incorporate the operating schemes proposed by the applicant in ADP Application CL-3140. Permit requirements established by this action are intended to implement BACT, minimize emissions, and assure compliance with applicable requirements on a continuous basis. Emission limits for approved equipment are based on the potential emissions calculated in Section 6 of this Technical Support Document.
- Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements. ADP 21-3473 establishes monitoring and recordkeeping requirements sufficient to document compliance with applicable emission limits, ensure proper operation of approved equipment and provide for compliance with generally applicable requirements. Specific recordkeeping requirements have been established for control equipment parameters, fuel consumption, product throughput, hours of operation, and maintenance activities.
- 10.d <u>Reporting Requirements.</u> ADP 21-3473 establishes general reporting requirements for annual air emissions, upset conditions and excess emissions. Specific reporting requirements are established for fuel consumption, product throughput, hours of operation, monitoring results, and control equipment parameters. Opacity survey results are to be reported quarterly. Production data and emission estimates are to be reported annually.

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- 10.e <u>Process Heat Exchangers.</u> Heat exchanger burners are generally low emission designs. NO_X emission limits for each burner are consistent with the emission concentrations cited by the manufacturer. Periodic emission monitoring is required to assure proper operation on an ongoing basis.
- 10.f <u>Requirements for Unmodified Emission Units.</u> Permit requirements for existing emission units not affected by ADP Application CL-3140 are carried forward unchanged from ADP 17-3249.

11. START-UP AND SHUTDOWN/ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS/POLLUTION PREVENTION

- 11.a <u>Start-up and Shutdown Provisions.</u> Pursuant to SWCAA 400-081 "Start-up and Shutdown", technology based emission standards and control technology determinations shall take into consideration the physical and operational ability of a source to comply with the applicable standards during start-up or shutdown. Where it is determined that a source is not capable of achieving continuous compliance with an emission standard during start-up or shutdown, SWCAA shall include appropriate emission limitations, operating parameters, or other criteria to regulate performance of the source during start-up or shutdown.
 - The applicant did not identify any start-up and shutdown periods during which affected equipment is not capable of achieving continuous compliance with applicable technology determinations or approval conditions. To SWCAA's knowledge, this facility can comply with all applicable standards during startup and shutdown.
- 11.b <u>Alternate Operating Scenarios.</u> SWCAA conducted a review of alternate operating scenarios applicable to equipment affected by this permitting action. The permittee did not propose or identify any applicable alternate operating scenarios. Therefore, none were included in the permit requirements.
- 11.c <u>Pollution Prevention Measures.</u> SWCAA conducted a review of possible pollution prevention measures for the facility. No pollution prevention measures were identified by either the permittee or SWCAA separate or in addition to those measures required under BACT considerations. Therefore, none were included in the permit requirements.

12. EMISSION MONITORING AND TESTING

- 12.a <u>Emission Testing Hurst Process Boiler (existing)</u>. Permit requirements for the Hurst boiler require periodic emission testing on a 5 year cycle for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with applicable emission limits. All emission testing is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ADP 21-3473, Appendix A.
- 12.b <u>Emission Testing PCA/PCB-32 Heat Exchangers (existing)</u>. Permit requirements for the PCA and PCB-32 production lines require periodic emission testing of the respective heat exchangers on a 5 year cycle for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with applicable emission limits. All emission testing is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ADP 21-3473, Appendix B.
- 12.c Emission Monitoring Production Line Heat Exchangers (existing). Permit requirements for the PCA, PCB-32, FCC-1, FCC-2, TC-2, TC-3, and FCP production lines require annual emission monitoring of the heat exchangers for the purpose of verifying future performance and assuring compliance with applicable emission limits. All emission monitoring is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ADP 21-3473, Appendix C.
- 12.d <u>Emission Testing PCB-32 Wet Scrubber (existing).</u> Permit requirements for the PCB-32 line require periodic emission testing of wet scrubber emissions on a 5 year cycle for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with applicable emission limits. The most recent emission test was conducted in July, 2005. All emission testing is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ADP 21-3473, Appendix D.

- 12.e <u>Opacity Monitoring Requirements FCC Fryers (existing).</u> Permit requirements for the FCC production lines require periodic visual surveys of the fryer exhaust stacks on a tiered frequency (monthly or quarterly) for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with applicable opacity limits. All visual surveys are to be conducted in accordance with the provision of ADP 21-3473, Appendix E.
- 12.f <u>Differential Pressure Monitoring CP1 Popcorn Oven (existing)</u>. Permit requirements for the Cretors popcorn oven require annual monitoring of the differential pressure in the fuel gas and combustion air manifolds for the purpose of monitoring future performance and assuring proper operation. All emission monitoring is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ADP 21-3473, Appendix F.
- 12.g Emission Testing Corn Handling Dust Collectors (new). Permit requirements for the Railcar Unloading Segment 1 and Corn Silo Vent System dust collectors require periodic emission testing on a 10 year cycle for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with applicable emission limits. All emission testing is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ADP 21-3473, Appendix G.

13. FACILITY HISTORY

13.a <u>Previous Permitting Actions.</u> SWCAA has previously issued the following Permits for Frito-Lay, Inc.'s facility in Vancouver:

Date	Application Number	Permit Number	Purpose
10/19/17	CL-3013	17-3249	Replacement of heat exchanger burners on FCC1, FCP, TC2 and TC3 production lines. Superseded by ADP 21-3473.
4/30/07	CL-1778	05-2651R1	Installation of Cretors 1000 popcorn oven equipped with Eclipse model AH-80 low NO _X burner (1.141 MMBtu/hr). Removal of two existing popcorn ovens. Superseded by ADP 17-3249.
1/31/06	CL-1722 CL-1582 CL-1556	05-2651	Multiple permit applications addressing modification of emission controls for the TC/FCC corn transfer system, modification of the FCC Production Lines, installation of new equipment on the FCP Line, replacement of the FCP Production Line fryer, modification of the VOC emission factor for the PCB-32 Production Line, and consolidation of outstanding permits. Supersedes ADP 04-2578R1. Superseded by ADP 05-2651R1.
3/2/05	CL-1680	04-2578R1	Replacement of PCB line with new PCB-32 line. Supersedes ADP 04-2578. Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
11/30/04	CL-1480	04-2578	Modifications to PCA and PCB lines. Supersedes ADPs 83-698 and 95-1842. Superseded by ADP 04-2578R1.
8/30/01	CL-1514	01-2385	Installation of a corn meal transfer system and three supporting baghouses. Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
8/8/01	CL-1365	01-2351	Revision of emission limits for TC-1, TC-2, TC-3, and FCC. Supersedes 95-1840R2, 91-1383, 94-1575, and 00-2295. Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
8/3/00	CL-1476	00-2295	Approved burner upgrade for TC-2 line toaster oven. Superseded by 01-2351.
12/3/97	CL-1320	95-1840R2	Emission factor changes to existing Permit. Supersedes 95-1840 and 95-1840R1. Superseded by 01-2351.

<u>Date</u>	Application Number	Permit <u>Number</u>	Purpose
5/29/97	CL-1291	97-2000	Installation of new Hurst boiler as a replacement for existing Cleaver Brooks boiler. Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
5/29/97	CL-1295	96-1954R1	Revision to 96-1954; removal of baghouse and vent exhaust inside the building. Supersedes 96-1954. Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
12/9/96	None	Approval Letter	Replacement of PCA pneumatic salter with mechanical salter.
11/25/96	CL-1269	96-1954	New corn products line (CP1); two ovens; baghouse. Superseded by 96-1954R1.
11/25/96	CL-1246	95-1840R1	Clarification of emission limits for TC-1 and FCC lines. Supersedes 95-1840. Superseded by 95-1840R2.
1/29/96	CL-1187	95-1842	Low-NOx burner upgrades on heat exchanges of PCA and PCB lines. Amends emission limits established in 81-581 and 83-698. Superseded by ADP 04-2578.
1/29/96	CL-1078 CL-1079	95-1840	Removal of ESPs on TC-1 and FCC lines.
1/6/95	CL-1111	94-1705	Corn storage and transfer "Air Sentry" baghouse (replaces existing "Dusktop" baghouse in 81-581). Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
4/4/94	CL-1044	94-1575	Additional corn soaking and corn kettle (600 lbs) appeared to be approved uncontrolled but Frito vented to existing scrubber (TC-3 expansion). Superseded by 01-2351.
4/29/92	-	Approval Letter	Replacement of "Flow-Therm" heat exchanger on the TC-2 line with "Kleen Heat" heat exchanger. Amends ADP 91-1383. Superseded by 01-2351.
12/19/91	CL-879	91-1385	Additional extruder on existing Cheetos line vented through existing "Rotoclone" separator control system. Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
12/19/91	CL-877 CL-878	91-1384	Installation of additional corn storage and transfer equipment (Takt-Shub transfer system) for the TC-2 line. Superseded by ADP 05-2651.
12/19/91	CL-876R	91-1383	Installation of new tortilla corn chip line #6 (TC-2) and three cooking kettles. Amended by SWCAA Letter of Approval dated April 29, 1992. Superseded by 01-2351.
4/25/91	CL-876	Withdrawn	Installation of new tortilla corn chip line #6 (TC-2) and three cooking kettles. Withdrawn and resubmitted as CL-876R.
1/18/90	-	Approval Letter	Cheetos oven/dryer.
6/25/85	-	Approval Letter	Oil mist eliminator on PCA line as an addition control to existing scrubbing system.
10/10/83	CL-511	Approval Letter	Replacement of existing control equip. on TC-1 and FCC lines with heat exchangers and ESPs.; superseded by SWCAA 95-1840.
6/2/83	CL-505	83-698	Installation of venturi scrubber for potato chip line PCB. Superseded by ADP 04-2578.
8/21/81	CL-462	Approval Letter	Potato chip fryer temporary modifications of existing control equip.

Date	Application Number	Permit Number	<u>Purpose</u>
6/8/81	CL-405	81-581	PCA potato line vented to high efficiency scrubber and direct flame incinerator in series; emissions from two corn cooking kettles condensed in packed tower with fresh water scrubbing in counter-flow configurations; tortilla corn chip line controlled at two points by high efficiency scrubbers; corn storage silo, corn transfer vented through existing "Dusktop" baghouse. Superseded by ADP 94-1705 and ADP 95-1842.
9/12/77	CL-284	77-273	Additional steam kettle; corn processing- routed through existing scrubber; removed in 1997.
9/8/76	CL-263	76-208	Control systems on two corn chip lines controlled by cyclone and packed tower scrubbers; superseded by SWCAA letter of approval Oct. 10, 1983.
1/13/75	CL-201 CL-202	Approval Letter	Steam kettle corn cookers control system (scrubber) FCC and TC control system (cyclone and scrubber).
11/30/73	CL-151	Approval Letter	Installation of corn transfer cyclone equipment.
3/19/73	CL-119R	Approval Letter	Modifications to fume incineration/scrubber system.
1/29/73	CL-119	Approval Letter	Scrubber on potato chip line; superseded by 81-581 and 83-698.
4/13/72	CL-82	Approval Letter	Installation of PCA, TC-1, and FCC lines with scrubber.

13.b <u>Compliance Status.</u> A search of source records on file at SWCAA did not identify any outstanding compliance issues at this facility.

14. PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT OPPORTUNITY

- 14.a <u>Public Notice for ADP Application CL-3140</u>. Public notice for ADP Application CL-3140 was published on the SWCAA internet website for a minimum of (15) days beginning on September 18, 2020.
- 14.b <u>Public/Applicant Comment for ADP Application CL-3140.</u> SWCAA did not receive specific comments, a comment period request or any other inquiry from the public regarding this ADP application. Therefore no public comment period was provided for this permitting action.
- 14.c <u>State Environmental Policy Act.</u> The City of Vancouver is the lead agency for this project. The City of Vancouver issued a Mitigated Determination of Nonsignificance (*PRJ-167411 / LUP-81406*) for the project on July 13, 2021.