

July 12, 2017

Ms. Chris Chan, Senior Manager HSE NuStar Energy LP Company 9280 West Stockton Blvd, #220 Elk Grove, CA 95758

Subject:

Final Air Discharge Permit for Storage and Handling of Ethanol

Dear Ms. Chan:

The public comment period for the preliminary determination to issue Air Discharge Permit 17-3223 (ADP 17-3223) in response to ADP Application CL-2084 has concluded. The Southwest Clean Air Agency (SWCAA) received comment and testimony from the public during the comment period. Those comments have been resolved as described in Section 14 of the Technical Support Document for ADP 17-3223. The comments did not result in significant changes to the preliminary determination. Therefore, a final determination to issue ADP 17-3223 has been made pursuant to Section 400-110(4) of SWCAA's General Regulations for Air Pollution Sources. Electronic copies of ADP 17-3223 and the associated Technical Support Document are available for public review in the permit section of SWCAA's internet home page (http://www.swcleanair.org/permits/adpfinal.asp). Original copies are enclosed for your files.

This Air Discharge Permit may be appealed directly to the Pollution Control Hearings Board (PCHB) at P.O. Box 40903, Olympia, Washington 98504-0903 within 30 days of receipt as provided in RCW 43.21B.

If you have any comments, or desire additional information, please contact me or Wess Safford at (360) 574-3058, extension 1265

Sincerely,

Uri Papish

Executive Director

UP:wls
Attachment

cc:

Aaron Flett, Terminal Manager NuStar Terminals Service, Inc. 2565 NW Harborside Dr. Vancouver, WA 98660

#### SOUTHWEST CLEAN AIR AGENCY

#### AIR DISCHARGE PERMIT 17-3223

Final Date: July 12, 2017

Facility Names:

NuStar Terminals Service Inc.

NuStar Terminals Operations Partnership L.P.

Physical Locations:

2565 NW Harborside Drive, Vancouver, WA 98660 and

5420 Fruit Valley Road, Vancouver, WA 98660

SWCAA ID:

460 / 270

**REVIEWED BY:** 

Paul T. Mairose, Chief Engineer

APPROVED BY:

Uri Papish, Executive Director

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1. Equipment/Activity Identification

ID No.	Generating Equipment/Activity	# of Units	Control Measure/Equipment	# of Units
1	Main Methanol Railcar Loading Rack	1	Submerged Fill, Vapor Capture and Combustion Main VCU (John Zink / ZCS-1-4-20-X-1/6)	1
2	Main Marine Loading Rack	1	Submerged Fill, Vapor Capture and Combustion, Marine Ethanol VCU (John Zink / ZCM-8-35-X-3/8-3/8-X)	1
3	Main Truck/Railcar Loading Racks	5	Submerged Fill	N/A
4	Main Boiler (Johnston, 16.8 MMBtu/hr)	1	Low Emission Burner / FGR	N/A
5	Main 12001 Storage Tank	1	Internal Floating Roof (Mechanical Shoe)	N/A
6	Main 301 Storage Tank	1	None	N/A
7	Main Miscellaneous Storage Tanks	48	None	N/A
8	Annex Truck Loading Rack	1	Submerged Fill, Vapor Capture and Combustion Annex VCU (John Zink model ZCS-1-4-20-X-1/6)	1
9	Annex 12002 Storage Tank	1	Internal Floating Roof (Mechanical Shoe)	N/A
10	Annex 5501 Storage Tank	1	None	N/A
11	Annex 5502 Storage Tank	1	None	N/A
12	Annex 5503 Storage Tank	1	External Floating Roof (Mechanical Shoe / Rim Seal)	1
13	Annex 5504 Storage Tank	1	External Floating Roof (Mechanical Shoe / Rim Seal)	1
14	Annex 5505 Storage Tank	1	External Floating Roof (Mechanical Shoe / Rim Seal)	1
15	Annex 4001 Storage Tank	1	External Floating Roof (Mechanical Shoe / Rim Seal)	1
16	Annex 101 Storage Tank	1	Internal Floating Roof (Mechanical Shoe)	N/A
17	Annex 6 Storage Tank	1	None	N/A
18	Annex Miscellaneous Storage Tanks	6	None	N/A

## 2. Approval Conditions

The following tables detail the specific requirements of this permit. In addition to the requirements listed below, equipment at this facility may be subject to other federal, state, and local regulations. The permit requirement number is identified in the left hand column. The text of the permit requirement is contained in the middle column. The emission unit, equipment, or activity to which the permit requirement applies is listed in the right hand column.

This Permit supersedes Air Discharge Permit 07-2710R3 in its entirety.

#### 2.1 Emission Limits

No.		Emission Limits	Equipment/ Activity
1.	Combined emissions from o	peration of the Main and Annex terminals shall not exceed:	1-18
	Pollutant	Emission Limit	
	NO <sub>x</sub>	15.10 tpy	
	CO	13.33 tpy	
	VOC	21.50 tpy	
	PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	0.74 tpy	
	$SO_2$	0.07 tpy	
	HAPs (combined)	10.90 tpy	
	Benzene	6.2 lb/yr	
	Methanol	3.81 tpy	
	Perchloroethylene	0.30 tpy	
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.97 tpy	
2.	Technical Support Documer  Emissions of toxic air pollut #1 above, shall not exceed to TAP as provided in WAC 1	ants (TAPs) to the atmosphere, except those listed in Condition he individual respective Small Quantity Emission Rate for each 73-460 [effective 8/21/98] nor the VOC limit in Condition #1	1-18
	the Technical Support Document	determined based on the methodology outlined in Section 6 of ment for this Permit.	
3.		tive equipment component leaks shall not exceed 0.80 tpy. ned based on the methodology outlined in Section 6 of the at for this Permit.	1-18
4.		exceed zero percent opacity for more than 3 minutes in any one by a Certified Observer certified in accordance with SWCAA	1-18

No.		Emission Limits	Equipment Activity
5.	Emissions from the Main VCU and Annex VCU shall not exceed the following:		1,8
	Pollutant	Emission Limit	
	NO <sub>x</sub>	6.77 tpy (combined)	
		0.033 lb/1000 gal each	
	СО	6.20 tpy (combined)	
		0.03 lb/1000 gal each	
	VOC	1.94 tpy (combined)	
	1	0.0113 lb/1000 gal each	
	Emissions shall be detern Technical Support Docum	nined based on the methodology outlined in Section 6 of the ent for this Permit.	
6.	Emissions from the Marin	ne Ethanol VCU shall not exceed the following:	2
	Pollutant	Emission Limit	
	NO <sub>x</sub>	6.73 tpy, 0.033 lb/1000 gal	
	CO	6.12 tpy, 0.03 lb/1000 gal	
	VOC	2.46 tpy, 0.012 lb/1000 gal	
	Emissions shall be detern Technical Support Docum	nined based on the methodology outlined in Section 6 of the ent for this Permit.	
7.	Combined uncaptured emi	ssions from loadout operations shall not exceed the following:	1-3, 8
	<u>Pollutant</u>	Emission Limit	
	VOCs	7.73 tpy	
	Methanol	1.27 tpy	
	Ethanol	1.11 tpy	
	Perchloroethylene	0.10 tpy	
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.20 tpy	
	Emissions shall be detern Technical Support Docum	nined based on the methodology outlined in Section 6 of the ent for this Permit	
8.	organic compounds by a	CUs shall reduce the mass emission rate of incoming volatile minimum of 98% (1-hr avg) when operating at the maximum ance with this requirement shall be demonstrated via emission	1, 8
9.	compounds by a minimur	shall reduce the mass emission rate of incoming volatile organic of 98% (1-hr avg) when operating at the maximum production requirement shall be demonstrated via emission testing.	
10.		storage tank operation shall not exceed the following:	5-7, 9-18
	<u>Pollutant</u>	Emission Limit	
	VOCs	8.44 tpy	
	Methanol	2.40 tpy	
	Ethanol	0.70 tpy	
	Perchloroethylene	0.18 tpy	
	Emissions shall be detern Technical Support Docum	nined based on the methodology outlined in Section 6 of the	

No.		Emission Limits	Equipment/ Activity
11.		emissions from non-floating roof tanks shall not exceed 1.46 tpy. etermined based on the methodology outlined in Section 6 of the eument for this Permit.	6-7, 10-11, 16-18
12.	Pollutant NO <sub>x</sub> CO PM <sub>10</sub> (total)  Emissions of NO <sub>x</sub> and and actual fuel consur	Inston boiler shall not exceed the following:  Emission Limit  2.72 tpy, 30 ppmv @ 3% O <sub>2</sub> , 1-hr avg  2.02 tpy, 40 ppmv @ 3% O <sub>2</sub> , 1-hr avg  0.74 tpy  CO shall be calculated using data from the most recent emission test approach. Emissions of all other pollutants shall be calculated using Section 6 of the Technical Support Document for this Permit.	4

2.2 Operating Limits and Requirements

No.	Operating Limits and Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
13.	Reasonable precautions shall be taken at all times to prevent and minimize fugitive emissions from plant operations.	Facilitywide
14.	Operations that cause or contribute to a nuisance odor shall use recognized good practice and procedures to reduce these odors to a reasonable minimum.	Facilitywide
15.	Each pollution control device shall be operated whenever the processing equipment served by that control device is in operation with the exception of product loadout where only the loading of methanol or ethanol is to be controlled. Control devices shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Furthermore, control devices shall be operated in a manner that minimizes emissions.	1-18
16.	Emission units identified in this Permit shall be maintained and operated in total and continuous conformity with the conditions identified in this Permit. SWCAA reserves the right to take any and all appropriate action to maintain the conditions of this Permit, including directing the facility to cease operations until corrective action can be completed.	1-18
17.	Exhaust stacks on each emission unit shall be discharged vertically above the roof level of the building or enclosure in which the particular emission unit is housed. Any device that obstructs or prevents vertical discharge is prohibited.	1-18
18.	All product loading shall cease if visible liquid leaks are detected.	1-18

No.	Operating Limits and Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
19.	When any tank storing or last storing methanol or ethanol is degassed, the vapor space of the tank shall be vented to a control device that is consistent with the requirements of BACT and approved in advance by SWCAA. Prior to degassing, the Permittee shall submit a Best Available Control Technology (BACT) analysis to SWCAA as detailed in Condition #58. SWCAA will issue a letter to the Permittee establishing emission control standards and limits in response to the Permittee's BACT analysis. The Permittee shall comply with the limitations established in SWCAA's letter.	5-7, 9-18
	The vapor space of the tank shall be vented to the approved control device until the volatile organic concentration within the tank is reduced to less than 5,000 parts per million, measured as methane, for at least one hour after degassing operations have ceased	
20.	Loadout shall be performed using only submerged or bottom loading.	1-3, 8
21.	Loadout throughput shall not exceed the following:  Product Throughput Limit Methanol 340,004,560 gal/yr Ethanol 408,000,000 gal/yr Perchloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,566,080 gal/yr	1-3, 8
22.	The reaction chamber temperature of the Main VCU and Annex VCU shall not be less than 900°F or more than 1800°F when in use with loading operations.	1-2, 8
23.	The reaction chamber temperature of the Marine Ethanol VCU shall not be less than 400°F or more than 1800°F when in use with loading operations.	1-2, 8
24.	Displaced headspace vapors from the loading of methanol or ethanol into trucks and/or railcars shall be routed to a vapor combustion system at all times during active loading operations.	1, 8
25.	Methanol and ethanol shall only be loaded into railcars that have a valid vapor tightness certification within the preceding 10 years using DOT approved methods.	1
26.	Each railcar loaded with methanol or ethanol shall be vapor tightness tested after each filling in accordance with Appendix D of this Permit.	1
27.	Displaced headspace vapors from the loading of ethanol into marine tank vessels shall be routed to a vapor combustion system at all times during active loading operations.	2
28.	Methanol shall not be loaded into marine tank vessels.	2
29.	Marine tank vessel loading shall only be performed in marine tank vessels with a valid vapor tightness certification within the preceding 12-month using the vapor tightness test in 40 CFR 63.565(c) and documentation in 40 CFR 63.567(i). Vessels that do not have a valid vapor tightness certification may demonstrate "no detectible emissions" using EPA Method 21 or other methods approved in writing by SWCAA.	2
30.	Methanol and ethanol shall only be loaded into tanker trucks that have a valid vapor tightness certification within the preceding 12-months using EPA method 27 or other methods approved in writing by SWCAA.	8

No.	Operating Limits and Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
31.	No more than two loading arms at the Annex Terminal may be dedicated for loading methanol and/or ethanol into trucks.	8
32.	The Johnston boiler shall only be fired on natural gas.	4
33.	Corrective action shall be taken within three (3) days of emission monitoring completion if results indicate emissions from the Johnston boiler in excess of applicable emission concentration limits. Corrective action includes, but is not limited to, maintenance activity and retesting with a reference method pursuant to Appendix A of this Permit. Corrective action shall be pursued until emission concentrations are demonstrated to be in compliance with applicable emission limits.	4

2.3 Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

No.	Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
34.	Each record required by this Permit shall include the date, time and the name of the person making the record entry. If a control device or process is not operating during a specific time period, a record shall be made to that effect.	1-18
35.	All records required by this Permit shall be maintained in a form readily available for inspection by SWCAA representatives for a minimum period of five years.	1-18
36.	Excess emissions and upset conditions shall be recorded for each occurrence.	1-18
37.	The reaction chamber temperature of the Main VCU shall be continuously monitored and electronically recorded when in use. Reaction chamber temperature shall be manually recorded once per loading operation. The manually recorded temperature shall be a representative temperature, and shall not occur during the first two or last two minutes of each load.	1
38.	The reaction chamber temperature of the Marine VCU shall be continuously monitored and electronically recorded when in use. Reaction chamber temperature shall be manually recorded once per loading operation. The manually recorded temperature shall be a representative temperature, and shall not occur during the first two or last two minutes of each load.	2
39.	The reaction chamber temperature of the Annex VCU shall be continuously monitored and electronically recorded when in use. Reaction chamber temperature shall be manually recorded once per loading operation. For any loading event occurring outside normal business hours, a manual temperature record may be made the next business day based on the electronic log. The manually recorded temperature shall be a representative temperature, and shall not occur during the first two or last two minutes of each load.	8
40.	A visual inspection shall be performed every two hours during marine tank vessel loading and offloading. The inspection shall verify that there are no visible signs, odors or sounds indicating a product leak. Inspection shall include all piping and equipment associated with product movement at the terminals and the marine dock.	2

No.	Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
41.	<ul> <li>Marine tank vessel transfer operations shall monitor and record the following:</li> <li>(a) Location of each product transfer event;</li> <li>(b) Date of arrival and departure of each marine tank vessel participating in a transfer event;</li> <li>(c) The name, registry and legal owner of each marine tank vessel participating in a transfer event;</li> <li>(d) The date of the most recent vapor tightness certification for each marine tank vessel loaded with ethanol or methanol;</li> <li>(e) The prior cargo carried by each marine tank vessel participating in a transfer event. If the marine tank vessel has been gas freed, then the prior cargo can be recorded as gas freed;</li> <li>(f) The type and amount of product loaded and hours of loading into each marine tank vessel;</li> <li>(g) The results of visual inspections performed during each product transfer event, recorded every two hours; and</li> <li>(h) A description of any identified gaseous or liquid leak, the date and time of leak detection, leak repair action taken and screening level after completion of the leak repair.</li> </ul>	2
42.	<ul> <li>Railcar and tanker truck loading operations shall be monitored and recorded as follows:</li> <li>(a) The type and amount of product loaded into each tanker or railcar shall be recorded for each occurrence</li> <li>(b) The date of the most recent vapor tightness certification shall be recorded for each tanker truck or railcar loaded with ethanol or methanol;</li> <li>(c) The railcar vapor leak check parameters shall be recorded as specified in Appendix D of this Permit;</li> <li>(d) The description of any gaseous or liquid leak, including "bad ordered" railcar and tanker trucks, date and time of leak detection, leak repair action taken and screening level/vapor tightness testing after completion of the leak repair shall be recorded for each occurrence.</li> </ul>	1, 3, 8
43.	Dimensions of the storage tanks and analyses showing capacities shall be kept readily accessible at the facility.	5-7, 9-18
44.	A visual inspection of the internal floating roof and seals shall be performed prior to the initial filling of each tank. Any holes, tears or other openings or defects shall be repaired prior to filling of the tank as required by 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(1). A record of each visual inspection shall be maintained.	5, 9
45.	A visual inspection of the internal floating roof and seals shall be performed at least once every 12 months no later than the end of the month of September. Any determination of leaks shall be repaired as required by 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2). A record of each visual inspection shall be maintained.	5, 9
46.	A visual inspection of the internal floating roof, seals and gaskets shall be performed each time the tank is emptied and degassed, and at least once every ten years, no later than the end of the month of September. Any holes, tears or other openings or defects shall be repaired prior to refilling of the tank as required by 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4). A record of each visual inspection shall be maintained.	5, 9

No.	Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
47.	A visual inspection of the externally visible seals and fittings shall be performed monthly for each tank. A record of each visual inspection shall be maintained.	5-7, 9-18
48.	Operation of the Johnston boiler shall be monitored and recorded as follows:  (a) Type and quantity of fuel consumed recorded monthly; and  (b) Maintenance and repair activities recorded for each occurrence.	4

2.4 Emission Monitoring and Testing Requirements

No.	Emission Monitoring and Testing Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
49.	The permittee shall emission test the Johnston boiler as described in Appendix A of this Permit.	4
50.	The permittee shall emission monitor the Johnston boiler as described in Appendix B of this Permit.	4
51.	The permittee shall emission test the Main and Annex VCU's as described in Appendix C of this Permit.	1,8
52.	The permittee shall emission test the Marine VCU as described in Appendix C of this Permit.	2

2.5 Reporting Requirements

No.	Reporting Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
53.	<ul> <li>Excess emissions shall be reported to SWCAA as follows:</li> <li>As soon as possible, but no later than 12 hours after discovery for emissions that represent a potential threat to human health or safety;</li> <li>As soon as possible, but no later than 48 hours after discovery for emissions which the permittee wishes to claim as unavoidable pursuant to SWCAA 400-107(1); and</li> <li>No later than 30 days after the end of the month of discovery for all other excess emissions.</li> </ul>	1-18
54.	Upset conditions shall be reported to SWCAA as soon as possible after discovery. Upsets include but are not limited to any tanker truck or railcar which has been "bad ordered" and partially or completely filled but then offloaded onsite due to a mechanical or other problem with the railcar or tanker truck which may indicate a possible non-vapor tight railcar or tanker truck. The permittee may provide notification to SWCAA via telephone. A message may be left on the answering machine for upset conditions that occur outside of normal business hours.	
55.	An annual emissions inventory report shall be submitted in accordance with SWCAA 400-105(1). In addition to the emissions information required under SWCAA 400-105(1), each annual report shall include an estimate of annual emission quantities for each TAP compound listed in the Technical Support Document for this Permit.	1-18

No.	Reporting Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
56.	Operational information for facility activities shall be reported to SWCAA on a semi-annual basis by September 15 and March 15 for the preceding six month period of January through June and July through December, respectively. The report shall contain the following:  (a) Emissions of criteria air pollutants, volatile organic compounds, and toxic air pollutants (TAPs);  (b) Throughput of products at the barge loading dock, truck and rail loading racks, and each bulk storage tank; and  (c) Natural gas consumption in the Johnston boiler.	1-18
57.	The permittee shall notify SWCAA at least seven days in advance of the throughput of any new material, which results in the emission of toxic or hazardous air pollutants not listed in section 6 of the Technical Support Document for this Permit or the storage of any material not previously stored or listed in Section 4 of the Technical Support Document for this Permit. A written report shall be submitted with the following:  (a) A description of the proposed change(s) in materials with an MSDS for each new material,  (b) The date the change(s) is (are) to be made,  (c) The change(s) in emissions of VOCs, HAPs and TAPs occurring as a result of the change,  (d) The type of tank the new material will be stored in and whether loadout of the new material will be controlled by a vapor combustion system, and  (e) A summary of any applicable requirement(s) that would apply as a result of the change(s).  If the proposed emission rate of a new TAP exceeds the applicable SQER and/or other emission limits established by this Permit or otherwise circumvents an applicable requirement, New Source Review will be required prior to making the proposed change.	1-18

No.	Reporting Requirements	Equipment/ Activity
58.	The permittee shall submit a written report to SWCAA at least 30 days prior to routine degassing of a storage tank storing, or last storing, methanol or ethanol. The report shall contain the following:  (a) A top-down Best Available Control Technology (BACT) analysis;  (b) Estimated controlled and uncontrolled emissions from degassing;  (c) Estimated date of start of degassing procedure; and  (d) Appropriate operating parameters for the control device to be utilized.  If emissions from degassing exceed the emission limits established by this Permit or otherwise circumvent an applicable requirement, New Source Review will be required prior to making the proposed change.  When degassing must be performed on an emergency basis, the permittee shall notify SWCAA as soon as possible prior to commencing degassing. The notification shall contain the following:  (e) Identification of the tank(s) to be degassed;  (f) The location of the tank(s) to be degassed;  (g) Identification of the liquid stored, or last stored, in the affected tank(s);  (h) A description of the emergency; and  (i) The time and date degassing will commence.	1-18
59.	Emergency storage of material in storage tanks Main 1190 or Annex 101 shall be reported to SWCAA as soon as possible but no later than two business days after placement of materials in the tank.	
60.	All roof landings in floating roof tanks shall be reported to SWCAA via telephone within 24-hours of the landing.	
61.	SWCAA shall be notified in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or re-filling of each tank as required by 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5).	
62.	Emission test results shall be reported to SWCAA in writing and in electronic format within 45 days of test completion unless a written extension is approved by SWCAA in advance.	
63.	Emission monitoring results shall be reported to SWCAA in writing within 15 days of completion unless a written extension is approved by SWCAA in advance.	
64.	Initial start-up of the Marine VCU shall be reported to SWCAA via letter within 10 days of occurrence.	2

# 3. General Provisions

No. General Provisions			
A.	A. For the purpose of ensuring compliance with this Permit, duly authorized representatives of the South Clean Air Agency shall be permitted access to the permittee's premises and the facilities to constructed, owned, operated and/or maintained by the permittee for the purpose of inspecting facilities. These inspections are required to determine the status of compliance with this Permit applicable regulations and to perform or require such tests as may be deemed necessary.		

No.	General Provisions	
B.	The provisions, terms and conditions of this Permit shall be deemed to bind the permittee, its officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, successors and assigns, and all persons, firms, and corporations acting under or for the permittee.	
C.	The requirements of this Permit shall survive any transfer of ownership of the source or any portion thereof.	
D.	This Permit shall be posted conspicuously at or be readily available near the source.	
E.	This Permit shall be invalid if construction/installation has not commenced within eighteen months from date of issuance.	
F.	This Permit does not supersede requirements of other Agencies with jurisdiction and further, this Permit does not relieve the permittee of any requirements of any other governmental Agency. In addition to this Permit, the permittee may be required to obtain permits or approvals from other agencies with jurisdiction.	
G.	Compliance with the terms of this Permit does not relieve the permittee from the responsibility of compliance with SWCAA General Regulations for Air Pollution Sources, previously issued Regulatory Orders, RCW 70.94, Title 173 WAC or any other applicable emission control requirements, nor from the resulting liabilities and/or legal remedies for failure to comply.	
H.	If any provision of this Permit is held to be invalid, all unaffected provisions of the Permit shall remain in effect and be enforceable.	
I.	No change in this Permit shall be made or be effective except as may be specifically set forth by written order of the Southwest Clean Air Agency upon written application by the permittee for the relief sought.	
J.	The Southwest Clean Air Agency may, in accordance with RCW 70.94 impose such conditions as are reasonably necessary to assure the maintenance of compliance with the terms of this Permit, the Washington Clean Air Act, and the applicable rules and regulations adopted under the Washington Clean Air Act.	

# Air Discharge Permit 17-3223 - Appendix A Emission Testing Requirements Johnston Boiler

#### 1. Introduction:

The purpose of this testing is to quantify emissions from the Johnston boiler and demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this Permit and applicable air quality regulations.

#### 2. Testing Requirements:

- a. **Test plan.** A comprehensive test plan shall be submitted to SWCAA for review and approval at least 10 business days prior to each test. SWCAA personnel shall be informed at least five business days prior to testing so that a representative may be present during testing.
- b. **Testing schedule.** Testing shall be conducted at the boiler exhaust stack no later than January 2014 and every five (5) years thereafter, no later than the end of the month of January.
- c. Test runs/Reference test methods. A minimum of three (3) test runs shall be performed for each constituent listed below to ensure the data are representative. Compliance shall be demonstrated by averaging the results of the individual sampling runs. The sampling methods identified below shall be used unless alternate methods and/or schedule are approved in writing by SWCAA in advance of the emission testing.

		Minimum Test
Constituent	Reference Test Method	Run Duration
Flow rate, temperature	EPA Methods 1 and 2	N/A
O <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> content	EPA Method 3 or 3A	60 minutes
Moisture content	EPA Method 4	60 minutes
$NO_x$	EPA Method 7E	60 minutes
CO	EPA Method 10	60 minutes

#### 3. Source Operation:

- a. Source operations. Source operations during the emissions test must be representative of maximum intended operating conditions.
- b. Record of production parameters. Production related parameters and equipment operating conditions shall be recorded during emissions testing to correlate operating conditions with emissions. All recorded production parameters shall be documented in the test results report. Recorded parameters shall, at a minimum, include:
  - 1. Boiler fuel consumption rate (MMBtu/hr) or natural gas flow rate (scf/hr),
  - 2. Process startups and shutdowns, and
  - 3. Plant adjustments.

## Air Discharge Permit 17-3223 - Appendix A Emission Testing Requirements Johnston Boiler

#### 4. Reporting Requirements:

- a. A final emission test report (both hardcopy and electronic) shall be prepared and submitted to SWCAA within 45 calendar days of test completion and, at a minimum, shall contain the following information:
  - (1) Description of the source including manufacturer, model number and design capacity of the equipment, and the location of the sample ports or test locations,
  - (2) Time and date of the test and identification and qualifications of the personnel involved,
  - (3) Summary of results, reported in units and averaging periods consistent with the application emissions standard or unit,
  - (4) Summary of control system or equipment operating conditions,
  - (5) Summary of production related parameters,
  - (6) A description of the test methods or procedures used including all field data, quality assurance/quality control procedures and documentation,
  - (7) A description of the analytical procedures used including all laboratory data, quality assurance/quality control procedures and documentation,
  - (8) Copies of field data and example calculations,
  - (9) Chain of custody information,
  - (10) Calibration documentation,
  - (11) Discussion of any abnormalities associated with the results, and
  - (12) A statement signed by the senior management official of the testing firm certifying the validity of the source test report.
- b. All test results shall be corrected to 3% oxygen.

## Air Discharge Permit 17-3223 - Appendix B Emission Monitoring Requirements Johnston Boiler

#### 1. Introduction:

- a. The purpose of periodically monitoring the boiler exhaust is to minimize emissions and provide a reasonable assurance that the boiler is operating properly.
- b. Periodic monitoring may be conducted with an electrochemical cell combustion analyzer, analyzers used for reference method testing, or other analyzers pre-approved by SWCAA.

#### 2. Monitoring Procedure:

a. Monitoring of boiler exhaust gases to determine emission concentrations of the following constituents shall be conducted no later than January 2010 and every 12 months thereafter, no later than the end of the month of January unless the boiler has not operated in the past 12 months or emission testing has been performed within the previous 12 months:

Constituents to be Measured Carbon Monoxide (CO) Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>) Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)

- b. Source operation during testing must be representative of maximum intended operating conditions during that year.
- c. Records kept during boiler monitoring shall at a minimum include the following:
  - 1. Boiler fuel consumption rate (MMBtu/hr) or natural gas flow rate (scf/hr),
  - 2. Process startups and shutdowns, and
  - 3. Plant adjustments.
- d. Alternative testing methodologies must be pre-approved by SWCAA.

## 3. Minimum Quality Assurance/Quality Control Measures:

- a. The analyzer(s) response to span gas of a known concentration shall be determined before and after testing. No more than 12 hours may elapse between span gas response checks. The results of the analyzer response shall not be valid if the pre and post response check results vary by more than 10% of the known span gas value.
- b. The CO and NO<sub>X</sub> span gas concentrations shall be no less than 50% and no more than 200% of the emission concentration corresponding to the permitted emission limit. Ambient air may be used to zero the CO and NO<sub>X</sub> cells/analyzer(s) and span the oxygen cell/analyzer.

## Air Discharge Permit 17-3223 - Appendix B Emission Monitoring Requirements Johnston Boiler

#### 3. Minimum Quality Assurance/Quality Control Measures (con't):

c. Sampling shall consist of at least 1 test consisting of at least 5 minutes of data collection following a "ramp-up phase." The "ramp-up phase" ends when analyzer readings have stabilized (less than 5% per minute change in emission concentration). Emission concentrations shall be recorded at least once every 30 seconds during the data collection phase. All test data collected following the ramp-up phase(s) shall be reported to SWCAA. A sample data sheet is attached for reference.

#### 4. Reporting:

- a. All monitoring results shall be recorded at the facility and reported to SWCAA in writing within 15 calendar days of completion. The following information shall be included in the report:
  - (1) Time and date of the performance monitoring;
  - (2) Identification of the personnel involved;
  - (3) A summary of results, reported in units consistent with the applicable emission standard or limit;
  - (4) A summary of equipment operating conditions including a) boiler fuel consumption rate (MMBtu/hr) or natural gas flow rate (scf/hr), b) process startups and shutdowns, and c) plant adjustments;
  - (5) A description of the evaluation methods or procedures used including all field data, quality assurance/quality control procedures and documentation; and
  - (6) Analyzer response check documentation.
- b. Reported monitoring results shall be corrected to 3% O<sub>2</sub> in the exhaust gas and corrected for the analyzer response to zero and span gas.

## Air Discharge Permit 17-3223 - Appendix C Emission Testing Requirements Vapor Combustion Units

#### 1. Introduction:

a. **Purpose.** The purpose of this testing is to quantify emissions from each vapor combustor and demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this Permit and applicable air quality regulations.

## 2. Monitoring Procedure:

- a. **Test plan.** A comprehensive test plan shall be submitted to SWCAA for review and approval at least 10 business days prior to each test. SWCAA personnel shall be informed at least five business days prior to testing so that a representative may be present during testing.
- b. Testing schedule. Testing of the Main and Annex VCUs shall be conducted no later than the end of January 2014 and every 5 years thereafter, no later than the end of January of the year in which testing is due. Initial testing of the Marine VCU shall be conducted no later than 90 days after commencement of regular operation. Subsequent testing of the Marine VCU shall be conducted every 5 years thereafter, no later than the end of the month in which the initial testing is performed.
- c. **Test runs.** A minimum of three (3) test runs shall be performed at the combustion unit inlet and outlet for each constituent listed below to ensure the data are representative. For truck or railcar loading, each test run shall consist of one railcar or one truck loading. For marine vessel loading, each test run shall be a minimum of 1-hr in length. Compliance shall be demonstrated by averaging the results of the individual sampling runs.
- d. **Reference test methods.** The sampling methods identified below shall be used unless alternate methods and/or schedule are approved in writing by SWCAA in advance of the emission testing.

ConstituentReference Test MethodFlow rate, temperatureEPA Methods 1 and 2O2, CO2 contentEPA Method 3 or 3AMoisture contentEPA Method 4NOx (outlet only)EPA Method 7ECO (outlet only)EPA Method 10VOC (inlet and outlet)EPA Method 25A\*

## 3. Source Operation:

- a. **Source operations.** Source operations during the emissions test must be representative of maximum intended operating conditions.
- b. **Record of production parameters.** Production related parameters and equipment operating conditions shall be recorded during emissions testing to correlate operating conditions with emissions. Recorded parameters shall, at a minimum, include the following:
  - 1. Product transfer rate;
  - 2. Flare temperature; and
  - 3. Startup/shutdown events.

<sup>\*</sup> If testing for methanol operations, the instrument must be spanned with a methanol calibration gas to determine a response factor for the instrument. Linearity checks may be conducted with propane or methane calibration gases.

# Air Discharge Permit 17-3223 - Appendix C Emission Testing Requirements Vapor Combustion Units

#### 4. Reporting Requirements:

- a. **Test Result Units.** Results shall be reported in units of ppmv, lb/hr, and lb/1000 gallons of product loaded.
- b. **Test Report.** A final emission test report (both hardcopy and electronic) shall be prepared and submitted to SWCAA within 45 calendar days of test completion and, at a minimum, shall contain the following information:
  - (1) Description of the source including manufacturer, model number and design capacity of the equipment, and the location of the sample ports or test locations,
  - (2) Time and date of the test and identification and qualifications of the personnel involved,
  - (3) Summary of results, reported in units and averaging periods consistent with the application emissions standard or unit,
  - (4) Summary of control system or equipment operating conditions,
  - (5) Summary of production related parameters,
  - (6) A description of the test methods or procedures used including all field data, quality assurance/quality control procedures and documentation,
  - (7) A description of the analytical procedures used including all laboratory data, quality assurance/quality control procedures and documentation,
  - (8) Copies of field data and example calculations,
  - (9) Chain of custody information,
  - (10) Calibration documentation,
  - (11) Discussion of any abnormalities associated with the results, and
  - (12) A statement signed by the senior management official of the testing firm certifying the validity of the source test report.
- c. Test Result Correction. All test results shall be corrected to 18% oxygen.

#### 1. Vapor Tightness Check:

After loading railcars with methanol the following activities shall be performed to ensure that the railcars are vapor tight:

- a. **Pressure Test.** Each railcar shall be determined to maintain a pressure of at least 1" water column. Nitrogen may be added to ensure that at least 1" water column pressure is observed and maintained for at least three minutes.
- b. LEL Test. A handheld unit shall be used to measure the lower explosive limit (LEL) on all railcar appurtenances, including hatches, pressure relief valves, and any other potential leak points, while the railcar is under positive pressure after loading. A leak shall be present if >0% LEL is measured
- c. **Bubble Test.** A bubble test shall be performed on all railcar appurtenances, including hatches, pressure relief valves, and any other potential leak points, while the railcar is under positive pressure after loading.
- d. Leak Repair. Any railcar which has been determined to have a leak (e.g., not maintaining pressure, >0% LEL, visible bubbles or a visible leak) shall be repaired until no detectible leaks or the railcar shall be unloaded.
- e. **Test Records.** Records of initial and final pressures, lower explosive limit and bubble test results shall be documented for each railcar loaded.