$\sim$	SWCAA
	Southwest Clean Air Agency

1191E NE 00th Street Suite 1204

### Notice of Intent to Remove Asbestos

Case #: 25-095

Amendment: (	D
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This notification MUST be present at all times at the asbestos project sit	Receipt #:	170462107
Email: Tina@swcleanair.gov	SWCAA Fee:	\$765.00
Fax: 360-576-0925 Web: https://www.swcleanair.gov	Date Paid:	2/4/2025
Vancouver, WA 98662 Voice: 360-574-3058	Date Received:	2/4/2025

Quantity to be remove	ed: 4400 Squ	uare Feet	Linear Feet	Workshift day	/s: M T W Th F		
Project starting date:	2/24/2025	Project Completion	n date: 2/28/202	5 Workshift hou	rs: 7:30am-5:00pm		
Site Name: SANCHEZ	-DEMO		Site address:	22401 NE 28TH ST.			
Location of Asbestos:	THROUGHOUT	-	City/State/Zip:	: Camas	WA 98607		
Demolition of Strue	cture (Notificatio	n of Demolition requi	red)	County: CLARK COUN	NTY		
Asbestos present?		Asbestos presume	ed?				
✓ Asbestos survey co	nducted?	No survey reason:					
AHERA Inspector:Joel DillardCertification #:193865							
Material to be Removed:							
	] Mag Pipe Insula		Air Cell	$\Box$ CA Pipe	✓ VAT		
✓ Other MASTIC, J/0	- ·						
Control Methods:	o) 12/10/12						
	Glove Bag	🗌 Mini Enclosure	Wrap and C	Cut 🗹 Water	HEPA Vac		
✓ Other PPE							
Asbestos Contractor:	Lions Contractin	g		Phone: 503-270-8180	)		
Mailing Address:	PO Box 16875, P	ortland, OR, 97292		Email: lionscontracti	ng@outlook.com		
Certification ##:	ABCN00001764						
Supervisor:	LUCAS LEON SAN	NTIAGO	Р	hone: 503-998-1501			
Property Owner: TIM	O SANCHEZ		Р	hone: 360-836-7474			
Mailing Address:	22401 NE 28TH 9	ST.,CAMAS WA 98607					
Asbestos Disposal Site	: Hillsboro Land	fill: 3205 SE Minter B	ridge Rd, Hillsbor	o, OR, 97123-			

#### I DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS NOTIFICATION IS, TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, ACCURATE AND COMPLETE.

Submitter Name:	chrystal leon	Representing:	LIONS CONTRACTING
Submitter Title:	PRESIDENT	Date Submitted:	2/4/2025
Reviewed by SWC	AA: Mihai Voivod		✓ Approved

## **Asbestos Survey Report**



Presented To: Timoteo Sanchez

**Project Name: Sanchez Demolition** 

Survey Location: 22401 NE 28th St, Camas, WA 98607

Inspection Date: January 13th, 2025

Prepared by:

Joel Dillard Of Atlas Labs Inc. Environmental Testing Services CCB #: 231684



- 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
- 2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION
  - 2.1 Project Information
  - 2.2 Procedures
    - 2.2.1 Plan and Specification Review
    - 2.2.2 Walk Through and Visual Survey
    - 2.2.3 Bulk Sampling
    - 2.2.4 Analyses of Bulk Samples

#### 3.0 CONTROLLING

- 3.1 Removal and Disposal
- 3.2 Encapsulation
- 3.3 Enclosure
- 3.4 Repair
- 3.5 Operations and Maintenance Programs
- 4.0 Material Quantifications
  - 4.1 Homogenous Materials/Areas
- 5.0 Qualifications of the Report

#### APPENDICES

APPENDIX A - Laboratory Results of Suspect Asbestos Bulk Sample Analyses

**APPENDIX B - Suspect Asbestos Containing Material Sample Locations/Drawings** 

**APPENDIX C - EPA / AHERA Building Inspector Certification** 



### **Building/Structure Information**

**Owner/Operator Name:** Timoteo Sanchez

Owner/Operator Number: (360) 836-7474

Survey Date: January 13th, 2025

What is the building's description? Residence

What is this structure's current use? Residential

What is this structure's past use? Residential

Building Square Footage: 1,096'

Number of Floors: 1 with Attic

Area Surveyed: Whole House

Approximate Build Date: 1955



#### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Atlas Labs Inc. has performed this work to aid in the demolition of the residence located at 22401 NE 28th St, Camas, WA 98607. This survey included visual observation, materials sampling and laboratory analyses of materials suspected of containing asbestos. The locations of the suspect materials are noted and documented in this report.

A total of sixteen (16) sample sets, twenty-eight (28) total samples were taken during this survey; laboratory procedure will be the separation of multiple layered samples and analysis of individual layers. Sixteen (16) material sample sets were collected and delivered to Atlas Labs Inc. Atlas laboratories divided these samples into seventy-eight (78) separate layers for individual analysis. The samples of suspect asbestos containing materials included: drywall, texture, joint compound, vinyl, mastic, VCT, tile, mortar, backerboard, insulation, window sealant, shingle & tar paper.

Of the twenty-eight (28) asbestos samples taken, seventeen (17) of the suspect materials contained asbestos in quantities greater than 1% by weight, the asbestos containing materials are listed in section 4.0 - Asbestos containing materials were identified during this inspection. (texture, joint compound, VCT & mastic)

Removal, encapsulation, enclosure, and an Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Program are all recognized alternatives for controlling asbestos containing materials in buildings. Federal OSHA and EPA regulations require removal of most asbestos containing materials from a building prior to demolition or before any planned renovation activities, which may disturb asbestos containing materials. Federal OSHA and EPA regulations require proper handling of lead containing materials in construction. Proper handling of these materials depends greatly on the activities that will impact them.

Atlas Labs Inc. recommends that all asbestos-containing materials identified during this survey that may be affected by the work be removed by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor operating under a technical specification.

#### 2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 2.1 PROJECT INFORMATION

The structure is located at 22401 NE 28th St, Camas, WA 98607. The structure is a one level residence with attic built in 1955; construction is of standard stick frame with interior walls of drywall. Roofing consists of shingles over tar paper.

#### **2.2 PROCEDURES**

The services provided in this phase of work included a visual survey of the building, material sampling, laboratory analysis for the presence of asbestos. The following sections discuss the general procedures employed for each of these tasks.



#### 2.2.1 Plan and Specification Review

A survey to locate asbestos-containing materials is best served by a review of building plans and specifications to determine the type of construction used and the materials specified. No building plans and specifications were provided for review.

#### 2.2.2 Walk Through and Visual Survey

The asbestos identification program began with a walk-through and visual survey of the building. The survey included observation of wall and ceiling finishes, various flooring materials, piping, structural building components, and above-ceiling areas. The primary purpose of the visual survey was to locate and identify friable and non-

friable asbestos materials and devise a sampling strategy. "Friable" materials are those that can be crumbled by hand pressure, releasing fibers into the air.

#### 2.2.3 Bulk Sampling

The next phase of the survey was the selection of sampling areas and collection of bulk samples. Material sampling areas were grouped based on material homogeneity. A homogeneous area is one which contains material that seems by texture, color and surface wear to be uniform and applied during the same general time period. To refute the presumption that materials installed prior to 1982 contain asbestos, multiple samples of similar suspect materials were collected to meet the requirements of EPA and OSHA regulations.

Samples were collected from accessible, representative construction materials, which were suspected to contain asbestos. Suspect materials observed and sampled included: drywall, texture, joint compound, vinyl, mastic, VCT, tile, mortar, backerboard, insulation, window sealant, shingle & tar paper.

Samples were labeled, and appropriate chain-of-custody documentation was completed. The samples were sent to Atlas Laboratories in Vancouver, WA for analysis.

#### 2.2.4 Analyses of Bulk Samples

Asbestos samples were analyzed using Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) coupled with dispersion staining in general accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials" (EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993).

Polarized Light Microscopy is the only analytical method presently used to identify asbestos that employs the optical crystallographic properties of the various crystalline forms in the samples. These properties: refractive indices, birefringence, sign of elongation, and extinction angle, are unique to the individual crystalline forms and therefore is used to identify the different asbestos mineral types: Chrysotile, Amosite, Crocidolite, Anthophyllite, Tremolite, and Actinolite.

The current NESHAP regulations (40 CFR Part 61, dated November 20, 1990) clarify the analytical procedures for determining the percentage of asbestos in bulk samples and

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permit the use of visual area estimation. The regulations further indicate the regulated asbestos-containing materials (RACM) – materials that are friable or may become friable, may be further analyzed by point counting when the results indicate less than 10 percent asbestos by visual area estimation. The laboratory utilizes visual area estimation on a routine basis and does not include point counting unless specifically requested.

#### 3.0 ALTERNATIVES FOR CONTROLLING ACM

There are five industry-recognized alternative procedures to control exposure to asbestos-containing materials: (1) removal and disposal; (2) encapsulation; (3) enclosure; (4) repair; and (5) an operations and maintenance (O&M) program. The selection of a particular alternative should be based on the intended usage of the facility, on the condition and location of the asbestos-containing material, and on business considerations.

Atlas Labs Inc. understands that the plan for demolition of this structure is to remove all known asbestos containing materials that are present. Air monitoring and clearance sampling should be done throughout this project to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and worker safety. Regardless of the alternative chosen, all asbestos-related mitigation activities should be conducted under properly controlled conditions by specially trained personnel. Asbestos removal should be performed by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor operating under the guidelines of strict specifications. All asbestos-containing materials, even when removed in the course of maintenance activities, must be properly disposed of as asbestos containing waste in accordance with all state and federal regulations regarding abatement, transportation and disposal of asbestos containing materials.

#### 3.1 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL

Removal of the asbestos-containing material is the only permanent solution to the problem posed by exposure to asbestos fibers. Removal should be seriously considered when the material is extremely friable, badly damaged or when the material is readily accessible to people or staff. The EPA also requires removal before demolition of a facility or before renovation activities, which may disturb the asbestos-containing material. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) have specific requirements addressing the removal of asbestos-containing materials.

#### 3.2 ENCAPSULATION

Encapsulation of asbestos-containing material is a temporary measure designed to reduce fiber emissions from the material. This alternative is recommended when the asbestos-containing material is in stable, relatively undamaged condition and presents little exposure potential. Encapsulation is considered a temporary measure because the asbestos-containing material still exists in the facility and care must always be taken to avoid disturbing it. The presence and location of the material should be documented and periodic inspections of the encapsulated areas should be made to ensure that no deterioration or damage has occurred.



#### 3.3 ENCLOSURE

Enclosure requires surrounding the asbestos-containing material with an airtight seal or barrier to prevent any fibers released by the material from reaching facility occupants. This method is practical when asbestos-containing materials are difficult, if not impossible, to remove or encapsulate. Again, the location of the materials should be documented, periodic inspections performed, and a record keeping system implemented.

#### 3.4 REPAIR

Repair of asbestos-containing materials is a temporary measure designed to minimize local fiber emissions from the material. Typically, repair is utilized for minimally damaged Thermal System Insulation (TSI) and wall and ceiling materials. Repair should only be used if the repair is technologically feasible and human health and the environment can be protected. Repair is also considered a temporary measure because the asbestos-containing material still remains in the building.

#### 3.5 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

An Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Program is established to monitor the condition of the asbestos-containing materials and promote safe work practices within the facility. The O&M Program should include notification of the building occupants and workers of the presence and locations of the asbestos-containing materials, training of maintenance personnel in proper cleaning and maintenance procedures, periodic air monitoring in affected areas, and regularly scheduled re-inspections of the asbestos-containing materials. Proper records documenting these efforts must also be maintained.

These recommendations are further elaborated by the EPA in "Managing Asbestos In-Place – A Building Owner's Guide to Operations and Maintenance Programs for Asbestos-Containing Materials (EPA 20T-2003, July, 1990).

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulation 29 CFR 1926.1101 took effect October 1, 1995. This regulation requires building owners/employers to either identify asbestos-containing material by surveying and bulk sampling, or by treating certain building materials as "Presumed Asbestos-Containing Materials (PACM)". Specifically, all thermal system insulation (TSI) and surfacing materials in buildings constructed prior to 1980 should be considered PACM and resilient flooring materials installed prior to 1980 should be assumed ACM. The presence of ACM or PACM requires the owner/employer to notify employees of the presence, provide training, and follow certain procedures when employees come in contact with such materials.



#### 4.0 QUANTIFICATION TABLE

The following table indicates the approximate quantity of asbestos containing material identified at the Site.

Sample #	Location	Asbestos Containing Material	Asbestos %	Approx. Sq. Footage	Friable Y/N	Condition
2-A	Bedroom 2	2nd Layer Texture	4%	750'	Y	Good
Layer 4	Ceiling	(Tan)	Chrysotile			
2-A	Bedroom 2	2nd Layer Joint	3%	_	Y	Good
Layer 5	Ceiling	Compound (Tan)	Chrysotile			
2-B	Kitchen	2nd Layer Texture	3%	-	Y	Good
Layer 3	Ceiling	(Tan)	Chrysotile			
2-C	Living Room	2nd Layer Texture	3%	_	Y	Good
Layer 4	Ceiling	(Tan)	Chrysotile			
2-C	Living Room	2nd Layer Joint	3%	_	Y	Good
Layer 5	Ceiling	Compound (Tan)	Chrysotile			
3-B	Living Room	2nd Layer Texture	3%	1,700'	Y	Good
Layer 3	Wall	(Red)	Chrysotile			
3-B	Living Room	Joint Compound	3%	_	Y	Good
Layer 4	Wall	(Tan)	Chrysotile			
3-C	Kitchen	2nd Layer Texture	3%	_	Y	Good
Layer 3	Wall	(Tan)	Chrysotile			
3-C	Kitchen	Joint Compound	3%	_	Y	Good
Layer 4	Wall	(Tan)	Chrysotile			
3-E	Bedroom 2	2nd Layer Texture	2%		Y	Good
Layer 3	Wall	(Blue)	Chrysotile			
3-E	Bedroom 2	Joint Compound	3%		Y	Good
Layer 4	Wall	(Tan)	Chrysotile			
5-A	Kitchen	VCT	5%	160'	Y	Good
Layer 4	Floor	(Yellow)	Chrysotile			
5-A	Kitchen	Mastic	2%	_	Y	Good
Layer 5	Floor	(Black)	Chrysotile			
7-A	Under Kitchen	VCT	3%	8'	Y	Fair
Layer 1	Sink	(Red)	Chrysotile		_	
7-A	Under Kitchen	Mastic	2%	_	Y	Fair
Layer 2	Sink	(Black)	Chrysotile			
12-B	Attic	Texture	3%	950'	Y	Good
Layer 2	Wall	(White)	Chrysotile			
12-C	Attic	Texture	4%	_	Y	Good
Layer 2	Wall	(White)	Chrysotile			

#### 4.1 Homogenous Materials/Areas

The following table indicates the Homogeneous Materials/Areas.

Sample Set #	Material	Rooms/Areas
2	Drywall	Bedroom 1 Ceiling



#### **5.0 QUALIFICATIONS OF THE REPORT**

Atlas Labs Inc. has endeavored to investigate the existing conditions within the subject building using standard accepted procedures. The asbestos survey scope of work is intended to identify asbestos-containing materials associated with the subject property. Regardless of the thoroughness of a survey, it is possible that some areas of asbestos-containing materials were overlooked or inaccessible, or are different from those at specific sample locations. Wall voids, building cavities, and mechanical equipment may contain unreported asbestos. In addition, renovation or construction may uncover altered or differing conditions. If a suspect material was not specifically sampled or does not appear to be represented by a similar material previously sampled, it should be analyzed prior to disturbance.

It should be noted that floor tiles and other resinous bound materials, when analyzed by the EPA method for asbestos, may yield false negative results because of limitations in separating closely bound fibers and in detecting fibers of small length and diameter. If a definitive result is required, Atlas Labs Inc. recommends utilizing alternative methods of identification, including Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM).

This report presents the general descriptions of various construction materials and general locations where these materials were encountered. If questions arise during the planning of demolition, renovation or construction projects concerning the presence of asbestos-containing materials, we should be notified in order to view the conditions and present recommendations.

This report has been prepared on behalf of, and exclusively for the use of Timoteo Sanchez. This report and the findings herein shall not, in whole or in part, be disseminated or conveyed to any other party, or be used or relied upon by any other party, without the consultant's prior written consent by Atlas Labs Inc. A copy of this survey report must be kept onsite during any remediation, renovation or demolition activities, as required by Southwest Clean Air Agency.

If you have any questions about this information, please call our office at (360) 852-8936

Survey Performed By: Joel Dillard AHERA Building Inspector - Certification: # 193865 Contact Info: Joel@atlaslabinc.com Cell Phone: (360) 949-2984

Sincerely,

Joel Dillard



## APPENDIX A

Atlas Laboratories Inc. 14795 SW 72nd Ave, STE B Portland,OR 97224 (503) 430-5290 www.atlaslabsinc.com CCB #231684

# Atlas Labs

#### Full Survey Chain of Custody

Jame / Company Name: Timoteo Sanchez Phone: 360-836-7474									
Contact Email: timoteosg@hotmail.com									
Project Name: Sanchez Demolition	Project Name: Sanchez Demolition Batch: 22-1757401								
Job/Project Address: 22401 NE 28th St, Camas, WA 98607									
•			# D 1 44D0000 0	2 00500					
Inspector: Joel Dillard Ph: (360) 949-2	1		# K-1-4   KU30-2	3-00568	T				
Survey Area Use: Residential	Approx. Year Built: 1955	Reason for	Survey: Demo	olition	Sq. Ft. 1,096				
RushXNext DayLead Paint2-DayOther									
# Material Description	Friable Y	N Loca	tion	Condition	Approx. SQ FT.				
1-A Drywall	Y	Mud/Laundry	Mud/Laundry Room Ceiling		2200'				
1-B Drywall	Y	Mud/Laundry	Mud/Laundry Room Wall Good		-				
1-C Drywall	Y	Mud/Laundry	Room Wall	Good	-				
1-D Drywall	Y	Bathroon	n Ceiling	Good	=				
1-E Drywall	Y	Bathroo	m Wall	Good	-				
2-A Drywall	Y	Bedroom	2 Ceiling	Good	750'				
2-B Drywali	Y	Kitchen	Ceiling	Good	-				
2-C Drywall	Y	Living Roo	m Ceiling	Good	-				
3-A Drywall	Y	Entry	Wall	Good	1700'				
3-B Drywall	Y	Living Ro	om Wall	Good	-				
Notes:	1								
Inspector Signature:		Date: 1/13/2025	and the second second	Time: 11:5	lam				
Accepted By: Michel Com	- 0	Date: ///3/1 Date Sent Out:	2025	Time: 11:	54an				
Lab Results Completed By:	$\sim$	Date Sent Out:	1/17/2025	Email	Mail				

Limitations of Inspection: Atlas Labs Inc. AHERA certified inspector performed a limited survey at the site, date, time and cause as stated above in this document along with lab analysis of possible asbestos and/or lead containing material. Atlas Labs Inc. survey is limited to areas defined on the Chain of Custody form.

General NESHAPS Bulk Sampling Guidelines: Material sampling areas were grouped based on homogenous materials. A homogeneous area is one which contains material that seems by texture, color and surface wear to be uniform and applied during the same general time period. Samples are collected based on a visual survey of the work area as defined in this report. Samples were collected from accessible, representative construction materials, which were suspected to contain asbestos. If additional materials are found during the demolition process that were inaccessible at time of inspection that are not listed in this report please test before you cut. Survey is subject to direction from contractor, homeowner or owners agent.

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					Approx. SQ FT.
#	Material Description	Friable Y/N	Location	Condition	
	Drywall	Y	Kitchen Wall	Good	-
	Drywall	Y	Bedroom 1 Wall	Good	-
3-E	Drywall	Y	Bedroom 2 Wall	Good	-
4-A	Drywall (No Texture)	Y	Hallway Wall	Good	150'
5-A	Vinyl Tile	Y	Kitchen Floor	Good	160'
6-A	Cove Base Mastic	Y	Kitchen Wall	Good	Unk
7-A	VCT	Y	Under Kitchen Sink	Fair	8'
8-A	Tile	N	Bathroom Floor	Good	35'
9-A	Residual Mastic	Y	Hallway Floor	Fair	25'
10-A	Vinyl	Y	Mud/Laundry Room Floor	Fair	50
11-A	Vinyl	Y	Mud/Laundry Room Floor	Fair	20'
12-A	Wood (Texture)	Y	Attic Ceiling	Good	950'
12-B	Wood (Texture)	Y	Attic Wall	Good	-
12-C	Wood (Texture)	Y	Attic Wall	Good	-
13-A	Insulation	Y	Attic Ceiling	Fair	Unk
14-A	Insulation	Y	Attic Floor	Fair	Unk
15-A	Window Sealant	Y	Exterior Window	Fair	Unk
16-A	Shingle	Y	Roof	Fair	2000'
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Specia	I Instructions:				



Batch # 2022 *	Name / Company *
22-1757401	Timoteo Sanchez
Analysis Date *	Project Name
01/13/2025	Sanchez Demolition
Project #	PO #
Analyst *	Project Location *
Crossland Kapaun	22401 NE 28th St., Camas, WA 98607

Turnaround Time \*

5-Day

#### Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Material by Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample*	Layer*	Description*	Non Asbestos*	Asbestos Type*	Asbestos %*
1-A	1	Drywall (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-A	2	Texture (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-A	3	Joint Compound (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-B	1	Drywall (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-B	2	Texture (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-C	1	Drywall (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-C	2	Texture (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-C	3	Joint Compound (White) - Mud / Laundry Room Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-D	1	Drywall (White) - Bathroom Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-D	2	Texture (Off White) - Bathroom Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-D	3	Joint Compound (White) - Bathroom Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D

Sample*	Layer*	Description*	Non Asbestos*	Asbestos Type*	Asbestos %*
1-E	1	Drywall (White) - Bathroom Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-E	2	Texture (Off White) - Bathroom Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
1-E	3	Joint Compound (White) - Bathroom Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-A	1	Drywall (White) - Bedroom 2 Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-A	2	1st Layer Texture (White) - Bedroom 2 Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-A	3	1st Layer Joint Compound (White) - Bedroom 2 Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-A	4	2nd Layer Texture (Tan) - Bedroom 2 Ceiling	Cellulose	Chrysotile	4%
2-A	5	2nd Layer Joint Compound (Tan) - Bedroom 2 Ceiling	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
2-B	1	Drywall (White) - Kitchen Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-B	2	1st Layer Texture (White) - Kitchen Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-В	3	2nd Layer Texture (Tan) - Kitchen Ceiling	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
2-C	1	Drywall (White) - Living Room Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-C	2	1st Layer Texture (White) - Living Room Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-C	3	1st Layer Joint Compound (White) - Living Room Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
2-C	4	2nd Layer Texture (Tan) - Living Room Ceiling	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
2-C	5	2nd Layer Joint Compound (Tan) - Living Room Ceiling	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
3-A	1	Drywall (White) - Entry Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
3-A	2	Texture (White) - Entry Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
3-A	3	Joint Compound (White) - Entry Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
3-B	1	Drywall (White) - Living Room Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
3-В	2	1st Layer Texture (White) - Living Room Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
3-В	3	2nd Layer Texture (Red) - Living Room Wall	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
3-B	4	Joint Compound (Tan) - Living Room Wall	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
3-C	1	Drywall (White) - Kitchen Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
3-C	2	1st Layer Texture (White) - Kitchen Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
3-C	3	2nd Layer Texture (Tan) - Kitchen Wall	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
3-C	4	Joint Compound (Tan) - Kitchen Wall	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
3-D	1	Drywall (White) - Bedroom 1 Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D

Sample*	Layer*	Description*	Non Asbestos*	Asbestos Type*	Asbestos %*	
3-D	2	Texture (White) - Bedroom 1 Wall	Cellulose	None Present		
3-D	3	Joint Compound (White) - Bedroom 1 Wall	Cellulose / Fiberglass	None Present	N/D	
3-E	1	Drywall (White) - Bedroom 2 Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
3-E	2	1st Layer Texture (White) - Bedroom 2 Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
3-E	3	2nd Layer Texture (Blue) - Bedroom 2 Wall	2%			
3-E	4	Joint Compound (Tan) - Bedroom 2 Wall	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%	
4-A	1	Drywall (White) - Hallway Wall	Drywall (White) - Hallway Wall Cellulose None Present			
4-A	2	Joint Compound (White) - Hallway Wall	N/D			
5-A	1	Vinyl Tile (Black / Beige) - Kitchen Floor	Vinyl Tile (Black / Beige) - Kitchen Floor Cellulose None Present			
5-A	2	Mastic (Clear) - Kitchen Floor	N/D			
5 <b>-</b> A	3	Foam Layer (Grey) - Kitchen Floor	Synthetic	None Present	N/D	
5-A	4	VCT (Yellow) - Kitchen Floor	Cellulose	Chrysotile	5%	
5-A	5	Mastic (Black) - Kitchen Floor	Cellulose	Chrysotile	2%	
6-A	1	Cove Base (Black) - Kitchen Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
6-A	2	Mastic (Off White) - Kitchen Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
7-A	1	VCT (Red) - Under Kitchen Sink	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%	
7-A	2	Mastic (Black) - Under Kitchen Sink	Cellulose	Chrysotile	2%	
8-A	1	Tile (Tan / Grey) - Bathroom Floor	Tile (Tan / Grey) - Bathroom Floor None Present None Present		N/D	
8-A	2	Mortar (Grey) - Bathroom Floor	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
8-A	3	Backerboard (Grey) - Bathroom Floor	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
9-A	1	Residual Mastic (Brown) - Hallway Floor	Cellulose	Chrysotile	<1%	
10-A	1	1st Layer Vinyl (White / Grey) - Mud / Laundry Room Floor	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
10-A	2	Mastic (Clear) - Mud / Laundry Room Floor	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
10-A	3	2nd Layer Vinyl (White / Tan) - Mud / Cellulose / None Present Laundry Room Floor Fiberglass		None Present	N/D	
10-A	4	Mastic (Tan) - Mud / Laundry Room Cellulose None Present Floor		None Present	N/D	
11-A	1	Vinyl (Tan) - Mud / Laundry Room Floor	Cellulose / Fiberglass	None Present	N/D	
11-A	2	Mastic (Yellow) - Mud / Laundry Room Cellulose None Present Floor		None Present	N/D	
12-A	1	Wood Layer (Brown) - Attic Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
12-A	2	Texture (White) - Attic Ceiling	Cellulose	None Present	N/D	
12-A	3	Joint Compound (White) - Attic Ceiling	Cellulose / Fiberglass	None Present	N/D	

Sample*	Layer*	Description*	Non Asbestos*	Asbestos Type*	Asbestos %*
12-B	1	Wood Layer (Brown) - Attic Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
12-B	2	Texture (White) - Attic Wall	Cellulose	Chrysotile	3%
12-C	1	Wood Layer (Brown) - Attic Wall	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
12-C	2	Texture (White) - Attic Wall	Cellulose	Chrysotile	4%
13-A	1	Insulation (Brown) - Attic Ceiling	Fiberglass	None Present	N/D
14-A	1	Insulation (White) - Attic Floor	Fiberglass	None Present	N/D
15-A	1	Window Sealant (Clear) - Exterior Window	Cellulose	None Present	N/D
16-A	1	Shingle (Black / Brown) - Roof	Cellulose / Fiberglass	None Present	N/D
16-A	2	Tar Paper (Black) - Roof	Cellulose	None Present	N/D

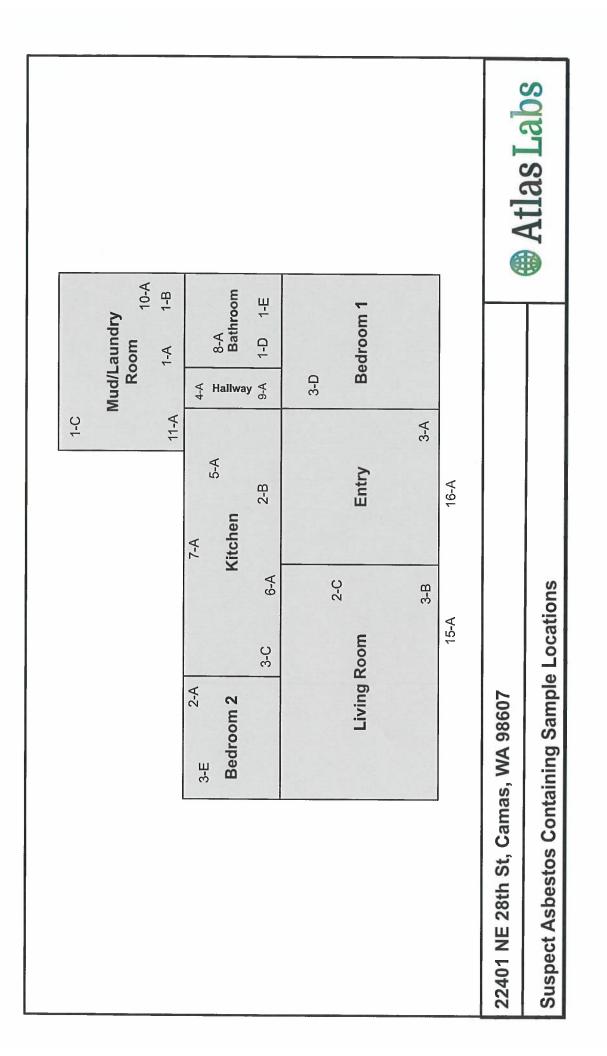
To Be Filled by the Technician Technician \*

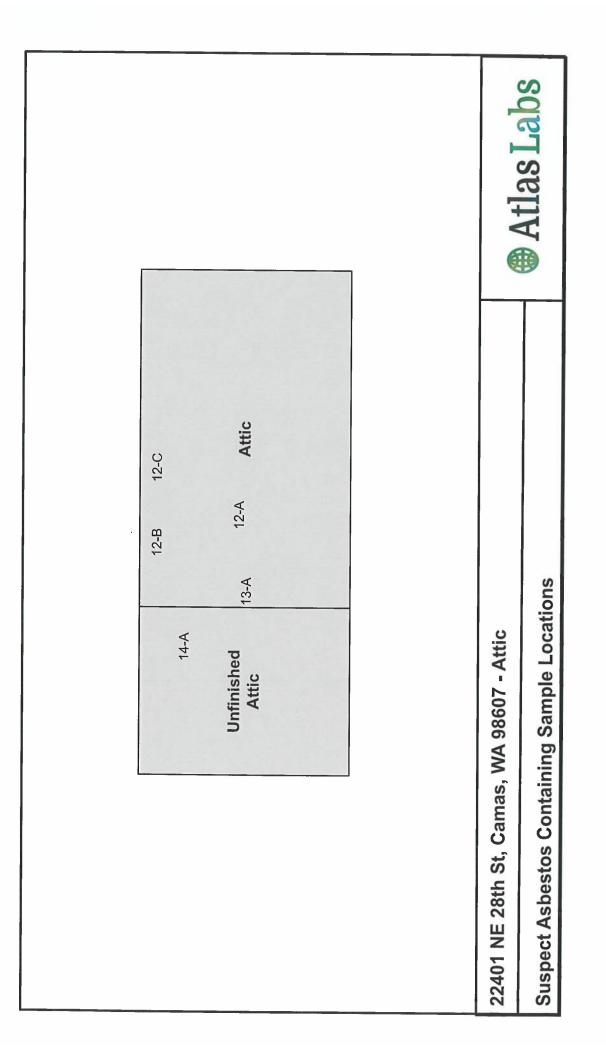
CK

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## APPENDIX B







## APPENDIX C

<b>Certificate of Completion</b>	This is to certify that	Joel Dillard	has satisfactorily completed 4 hours of refresher training as an AHERA Building Inspector	to comply with the training requirements of TSCA Title II, 40 CFR 763 (AHERA) EPA Provider # 1085	193865 icate Number	Jun 12, 2024 Expires in 1 year. Date(s) of Training	Exam Score: N/A (if applicable)	TERACON TRAINING - FORMERLY ARGUS PACIFIC / 21905 64TH AVE W, SUITE 100 / MOUNTLAKE TERRACE, WASHINGTON 98043 / 206.285.3373 / ARGUSPACIFIC.COM
Certificate o	This is to	Joel [	has satisfacto 4 hours of refres AHERA Builc	to comply with the tr TSCA Title II, 40 EPA Provi	193865 Certificate Number	Instructor: Ed Edinger	Explore with us Explore with us	TERRACON TRAINING - FORMERLY ARGUS PACIFIC / 21905 64TH AVE W, SUITE 100